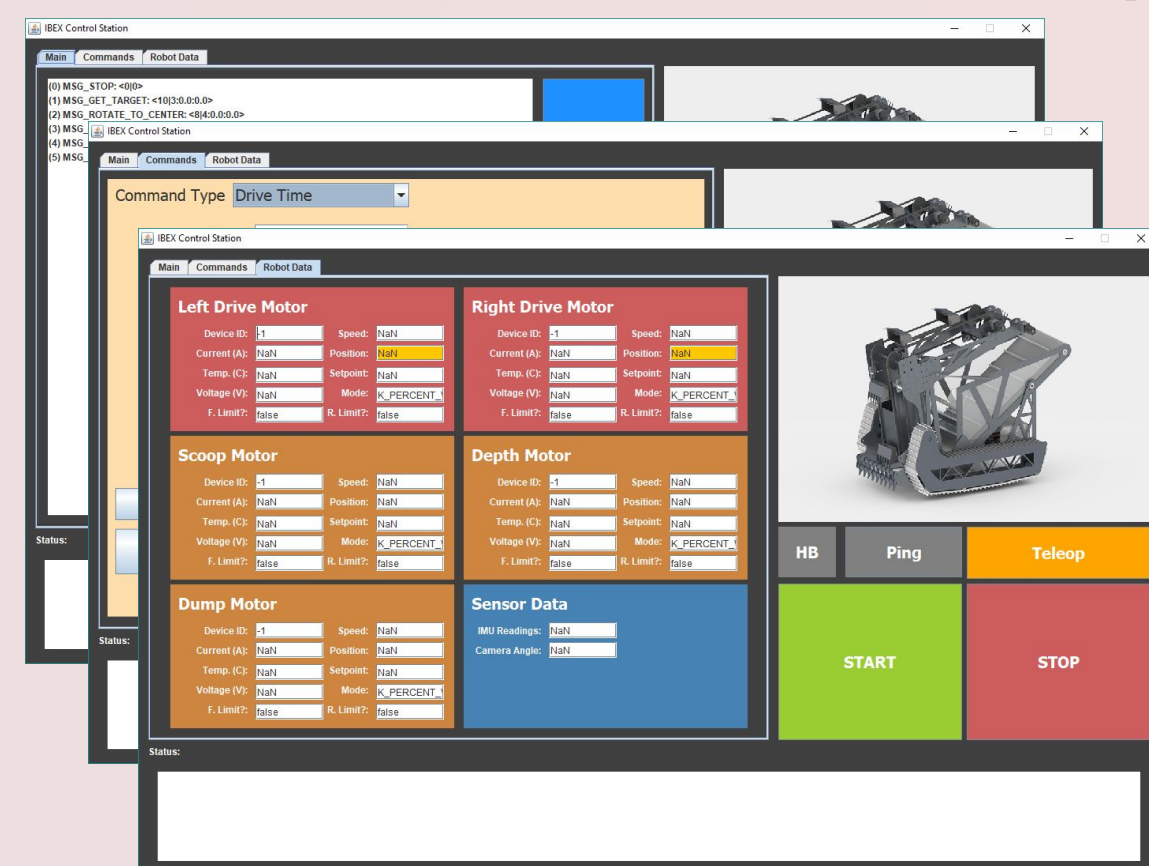


Abstract

The use of resources in foreign environments is essential to the success of manned missions to Mars. This project explores the different ways a rover can mine and deliver resources in a simulated Martian environment. This robot is capable of autonomously excavating the simulated ice chunks 30 cm (11 in) below the surface and driving to a collection station to unload the material it has collected. This project was inspired by the NASA Robotic Mining Competition which established a set of rules for how the robot was to be constructed.

Autonomous Operation

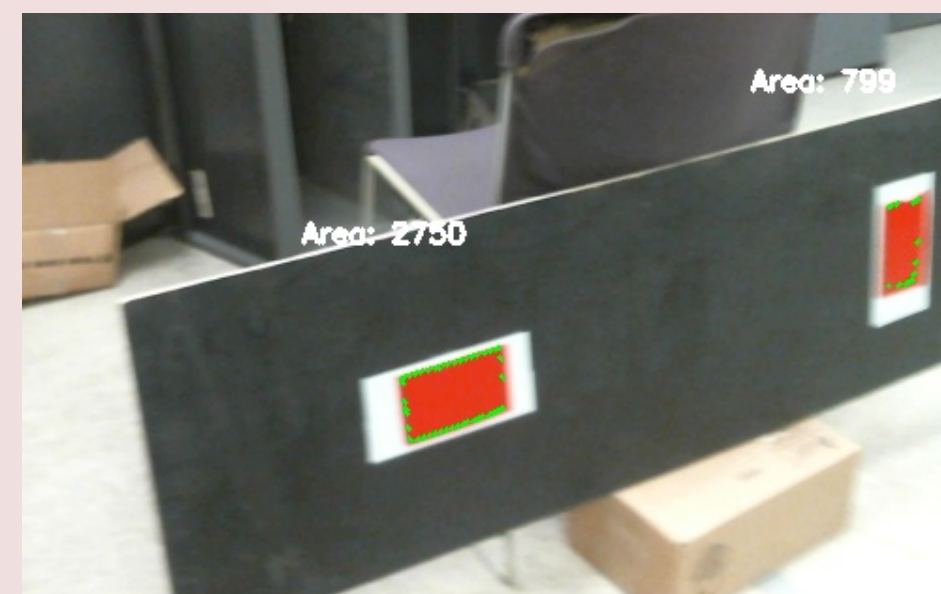


Control Station GUI

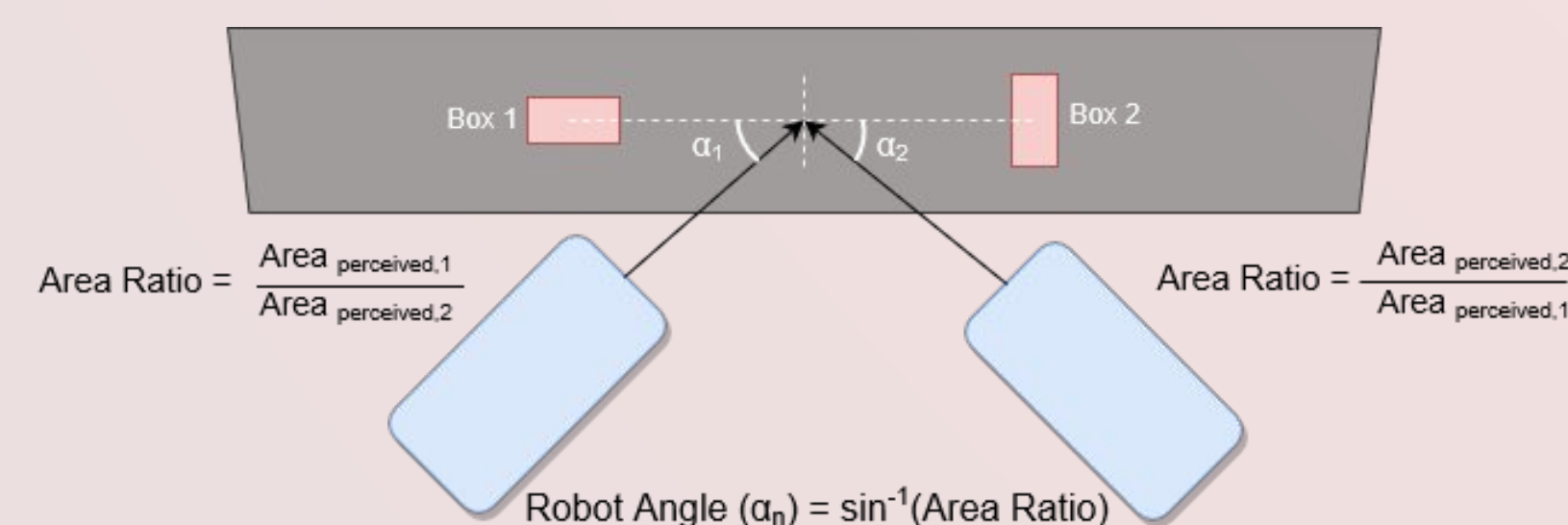
- Sends messages from the control station to the robot in a queue
- Recovery Stack runs functions to get out of hazardous situations
- Ability to switch between autonomous and teleoperated control

Computer Vision

- Localization using OpenCV to determine starting orientation
- Compares perceived areas of the targets in relation to camera rotation
- Centers with target when returning to the collection bin by comparing the perceived areas

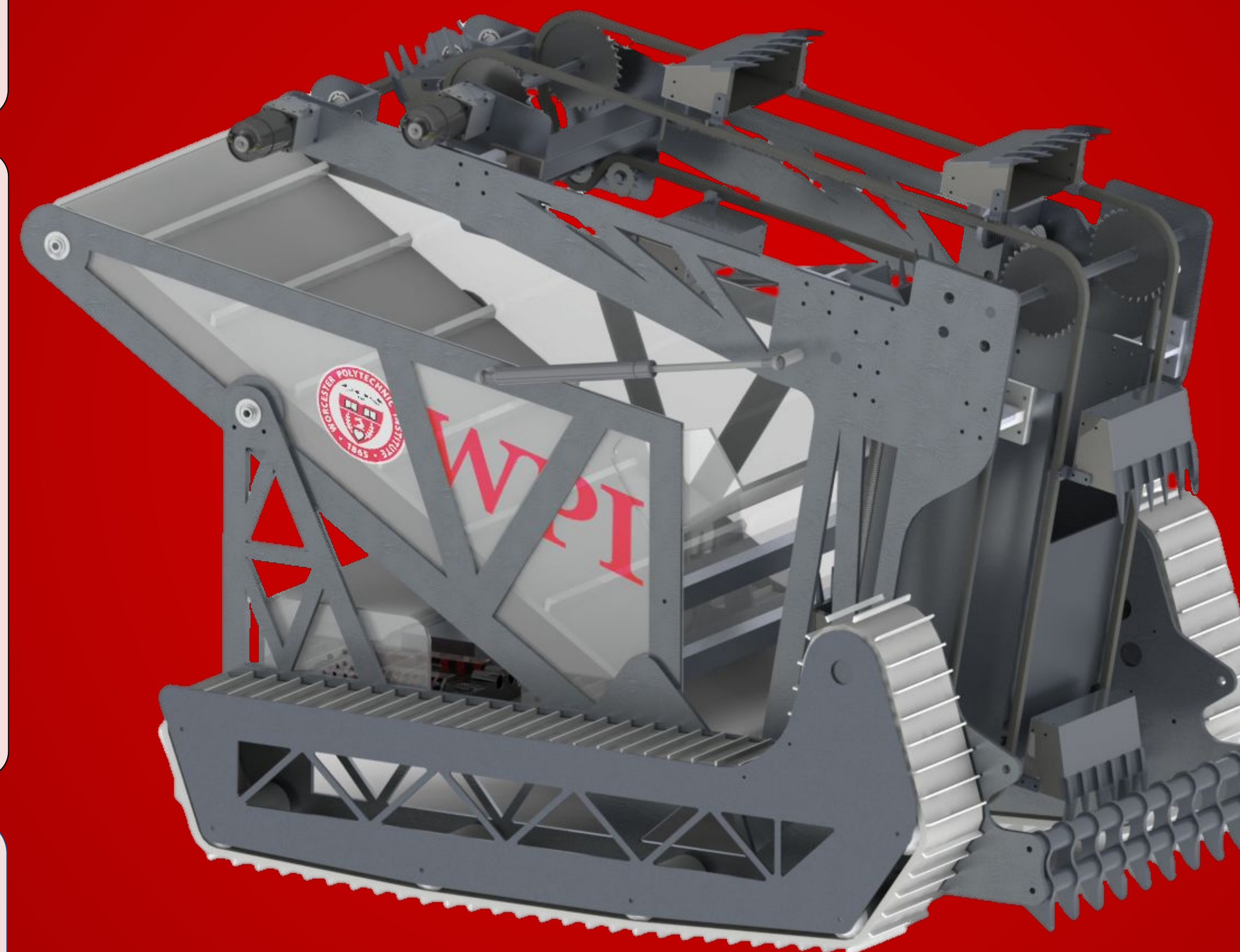
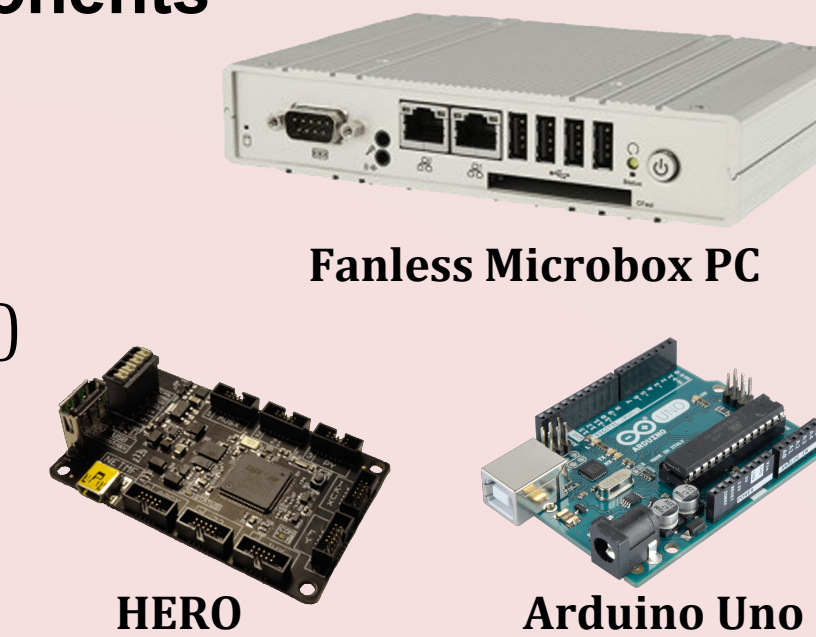


Target Image Processing



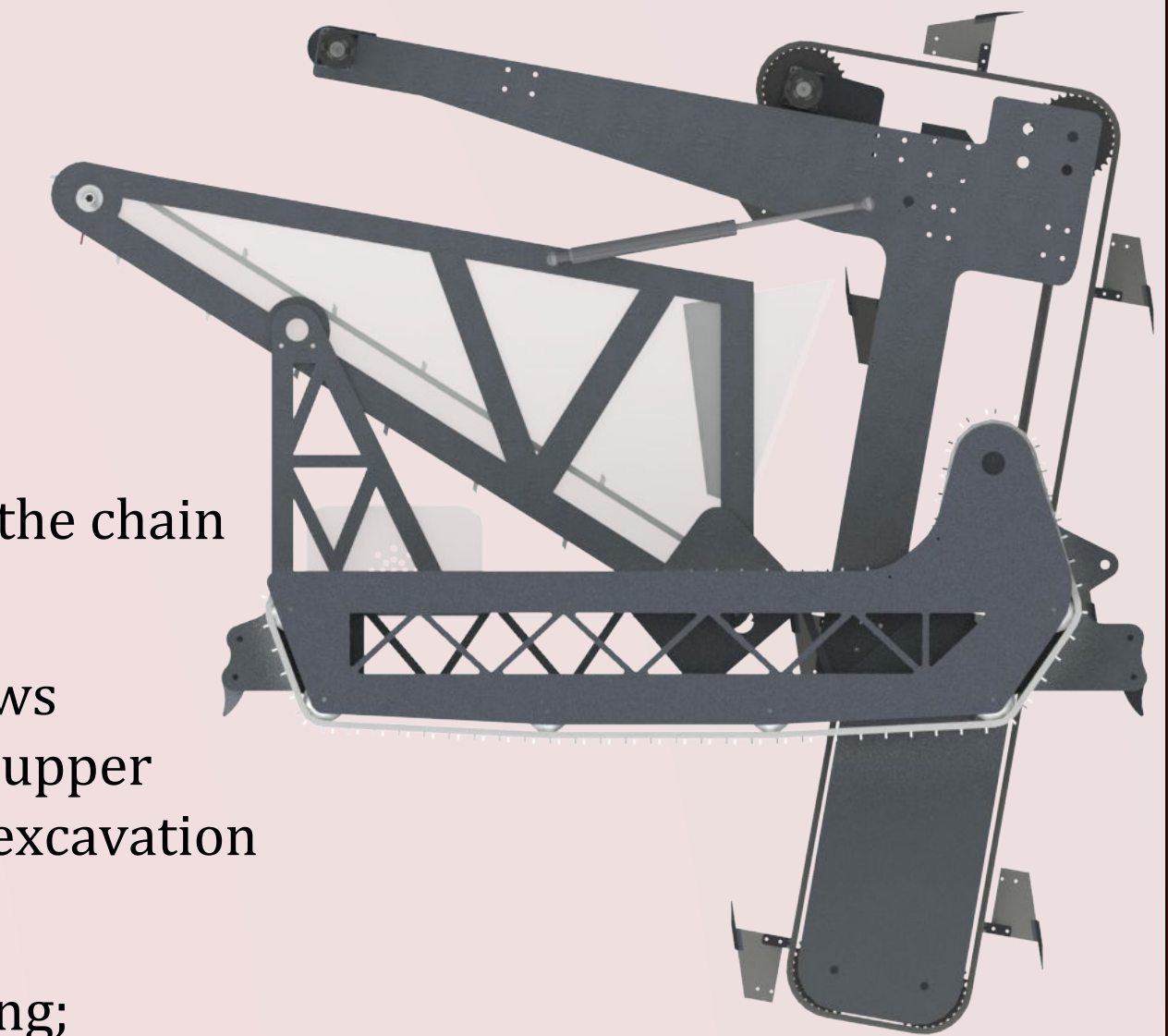
Electronic Components

- Battery: 12V 18Ah
- Power Distribution Panel
- Fanless Embedded Microbox PC (Linux)
- Motors; (2 CIM's, 2 Globes, 1 VEX 775pro)
- 5 Talon SRX's
- Motor Controller: HERO Board
- Sensor Board: Arduino Uno



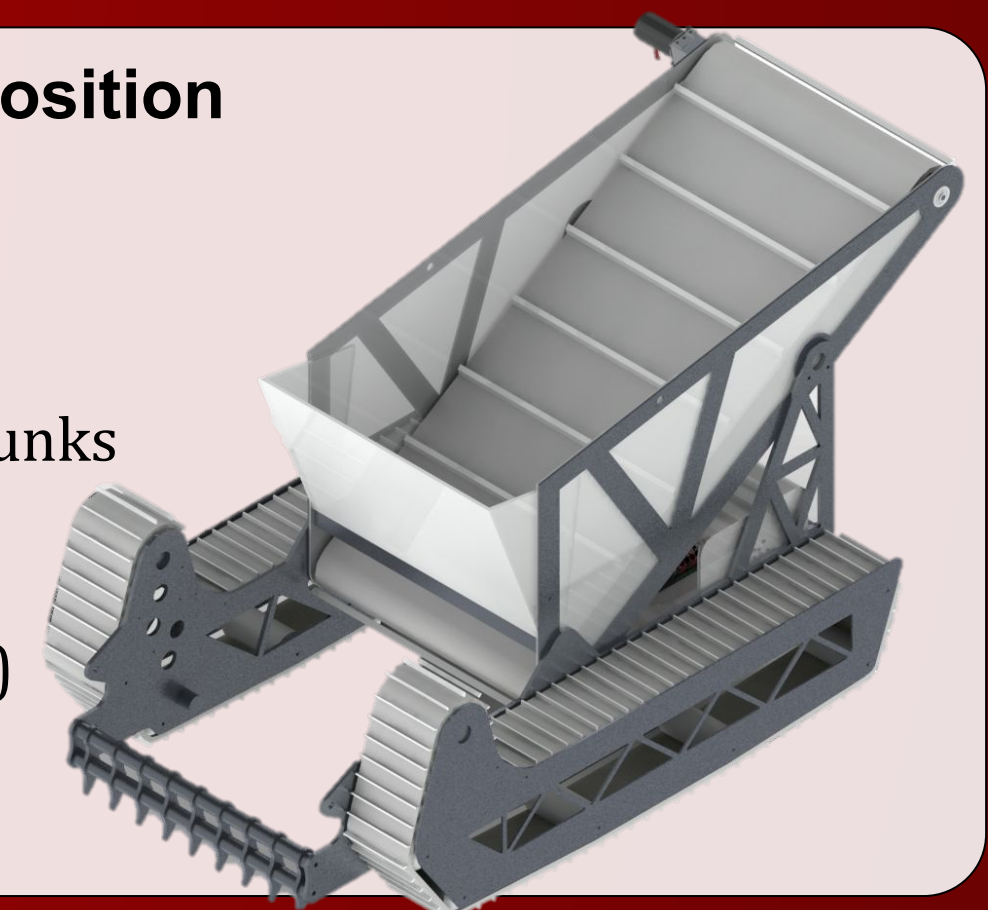
Excavation Method

- 3-step digging process
 - Start scoops
 - Extend downwards
 - Drive backwards
- Scoop connections protect the chain from jamming
- Dynamic chain system allows synchronous movement of upper and lower carriages of the excavation system up to 45 cm (17 in)
- Advantages of angled digging;
 - No material falls inside the hole from the front of the robot
 - Loosens material to facilitate digging
 - Decreases amount of force applied on the scoops

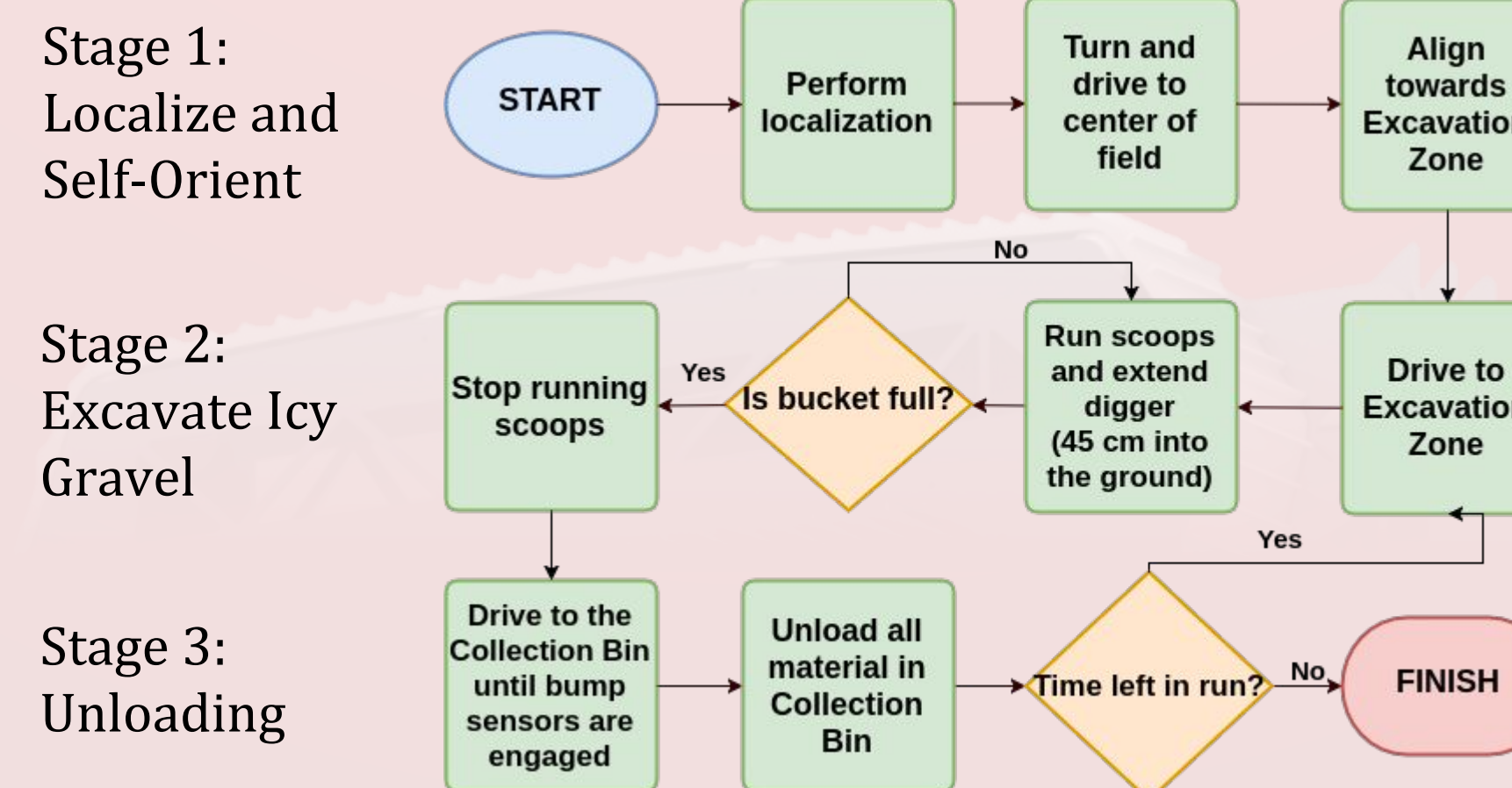


Material Deposition

- Conveyor belt bucket system
 - Belt angle: 32°
 - Volume: 0.25 m³ (8 ft³)
 - Capacity: 55 kg (120 lbs) of ice chunks
 - Belt grousers ensure efficient unloading
 - Lifts collected material 0.6 m (2 ft)



Flow Chart of Autonomous Operation



Manufacturing

- Water jet 3.2 mm (1/8 in) thick aluminum sheets for the chassis
- Manufactured 40+ parts (3D printing, laser cutting, milling and lathing)

