

Reduction in Classroom Distractions Through Silently Actuated Pens

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Problem Statement

- Many students click pens to release stress and pent up energy
- Distractions from pen clicking correlates to decreased academic performance for the entire class¹

Distraction	Average Level of Distraction (1-7)
Students Talking amongst Themselves	5.3
Pen Clicking	4.5
Students Arriving Late	3.6
Students Using Laptops	3.2
Student Response Devices	3.0
Students Sleeping	2.6

Desired Properties

- Quiet (goal of a least 50% sound reduction over "standard" pen)
- Still a functional pen
- Provides satisfactory tactile feedback

Approach

- Line the pen's actuator with a dampening material
- Absorbs energy

What we built



What's inside

Attempt 1: Pencil Shavings



Attempt '2: Eraser Shreds



<u>Testimonials</u>

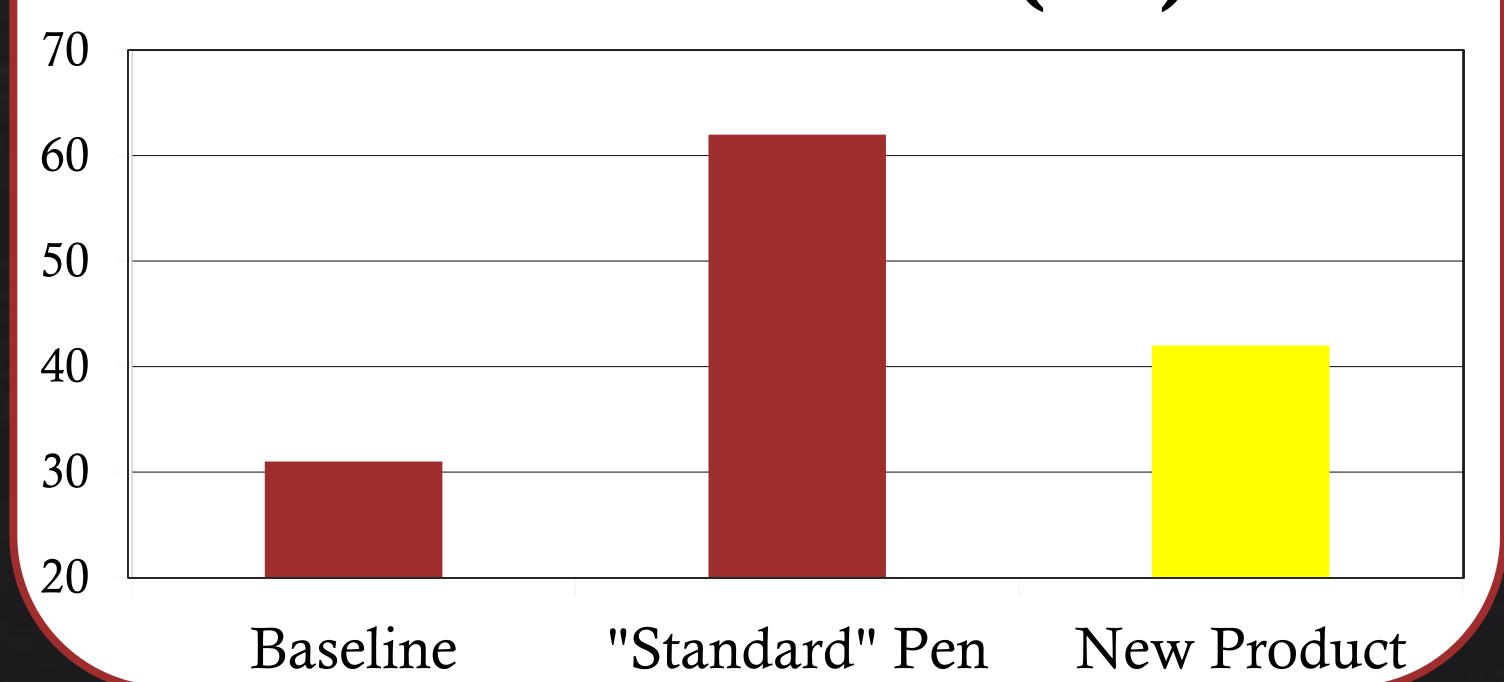
"It's so quiet."

"It feels good to use."

"It's so cool how it clicks with no sound."

-WPI Undergraduates

Noise Level Comparison of New Product (dB)



Costs vs. Benefits

Costs

- Estimated production cost of \$2-\$3
- Goal for cost to consumer is under \$5

Benefits

- Provides students with a way to release stress and pent up energy
- Removes a classroom distractor

Future Plans

Assessment

Patent

License

Mass Produce

Future Product Assessment

- Group 1: Control
- Group 2: Loud Clicking Pen
- Group 3: Quiet Clicking Pen
- Goal: Higher performance in group 3 than 2

[1] Tesch, F., Donna, C., & Ronald, D. (2011). THE RELATIVE POTENCY OF CLASSROOM DISTRACTORS ON STUDENT CONCENTRATION: WE HAVE MET THE ENEMY AND HE IS US*. ASBBS Annual Conference: Las Vegas 18(1), 886-894. Retrieved from http://asbbs.org/files/2011/ASBBS2011v1/PDF/T/TeschF.pdf