Safeguarding the Online Presence of LGBTIQ Refugees

Presented By: Brett Foster, Jenna Galli, Matthew O'Donnell, Alex Puhalski

Project Advisors: Dr. Fabio Carrera, Dr. Daniel DiMassa

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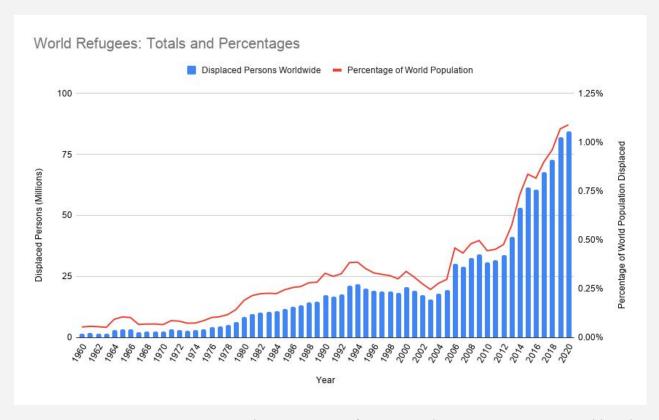


May 14th, 2021



Over 80 million people are currently displaced worldwide

- An estimated **4.5%** of people identify as
 LGBTIQ
- This implies that
 around 3.5 million
 LGBTIQ individuals are
 displaced



Refugees face numerous obstacles

 Asylum seekers struggle with mental health conditions such as
 PTSD

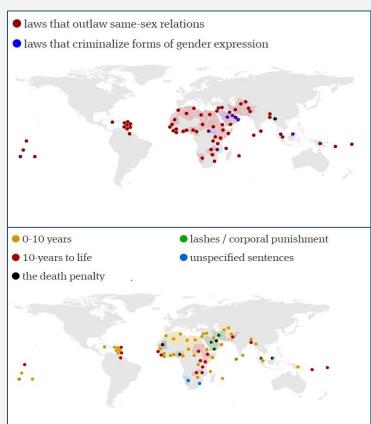
 Health conditions complicate the asylum process

Mental health problems	Pain
Adjustment disorder	Abdominal pain
Anxiety	Headache
Depression	Musculoskeletal pain
Posttraumatic stress disorder :	Pelvic pain in females
Sleep problems	Undiagnosed chronic conditions
Social isolation	Asthma
Nutritional problems	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
Anemia	Diabetes mellitus
Overweight/obesity	Dyslipidemia
Vitamin B ₁₂ deficiency	Hypertension
Vitamin D deficiency	Impaired fasting glucose levels
	Oral health problems

Adapted with permission from Eckstein B. Primary care for refugees. Am Fam Physician. 2011;83(4):432.

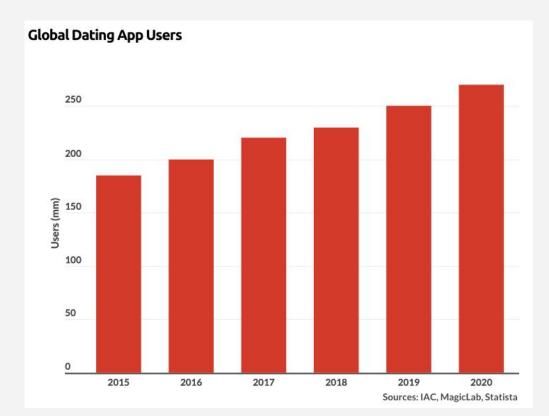
LGBTIQ refugees with sensitive data are at greater risk online

- LGBTIQ refugees are at risk for persecution in certain countries
- Data can be **exploited** by malicious groups



Dating apps expose LGBTIQ individuals to specific risks

- Usage has increased by45% over the last five years
- Grindr had over **27 million**users as of 2017 (BBC
 News, 2018)
- LGBTIQ individuals are being **outed** on these dating apps



Refugee organizations offer support to asylum seekers



United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR, 2021)



International Rescue Committee (Rescue, 2021)



UNICEF (Unicef, 2021)



Refugee Council (Refugee Council, 2021)



(LGBT Asylum Task Force, 2021)



(ORAM, 2021)

Worcester LGBT Asylum Task Force has supported almost 200 individuals during their asylum-seeking process









Housing

Food

Clothing

Resources







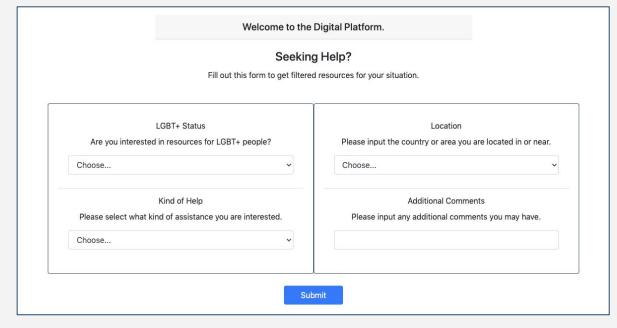




ORAM has been providing legal assistance to refugees and asylum seekers since 2008



- Provides legal assistance to refugees seeking asylum
- Focuses on LGBTIQ refugees
- Manages a web-app which provides resources and assistance to asylum seekers



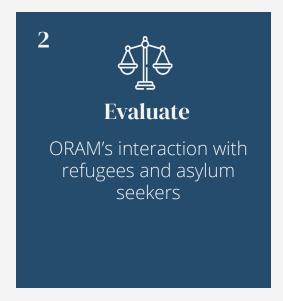
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Our Mission

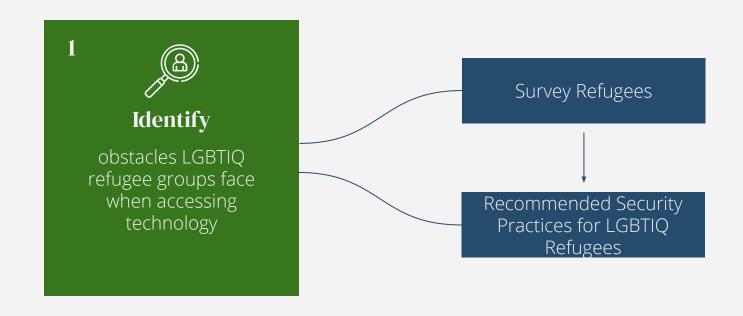
This project seeks to aid ORAM in developing a **secure web presence** by proposing safe practices to sustain a web-based tool that assists LGBTIQ individuals seeking asylum

Our Objectives

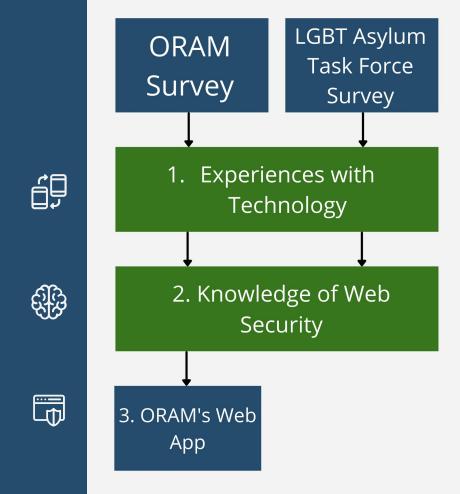




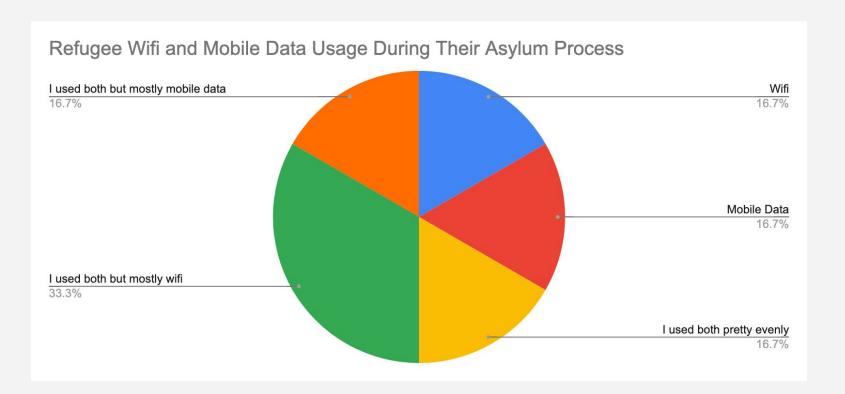




Survey Refugees



Half of asylum seekers use Wifi during their asylum process



Asylum Seekers Should Be Cautious When Using Public Wifi





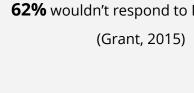


- Wifi
- Check network names
- Use VPNs
- Disable Bluetooth

Passwords Social Media

Refugees were able to recognize phishing attacks





ATT FREE MSG: Welcome to

AT&T Mobile Locate, Click

dl.mymobilelocate.com to

complete your set-up or call

888-562-8662. Data charges

Messages

may apply.

62% wouldn't respond to Real Text #1

658-3

Text Message Today 8:47 PM

77% wouldn't respond to Phishing email #1 (Imperva, 2021)

Details

Refugees had poor password usage



Repeated passwords

23% respondents use the same password for most things



Identifying data used

15% use phone numbers, birthdays, or addresses in their passwords



Poor storage techniques

23% of respondents physically write their passwords down

Refugee Password Usage Needs Improvement

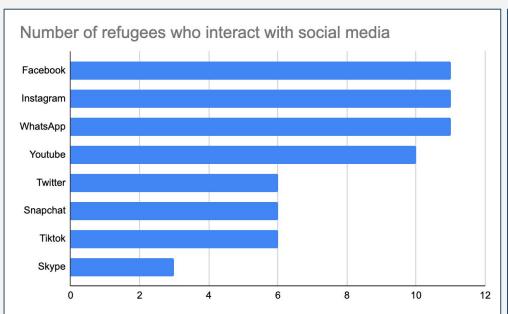


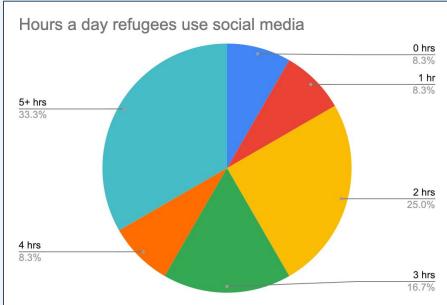




Wifi Passwords "Passphrases" instead of passwords Password managers No identifying data Organize passwords into logical groups

The majority of Refugees Use Social Media for over 3 hours a day





- 62% of refugees share their LGBTIQ status but only 31% of respondents use an alias
- Malicious actors can target LGBTIQ refugees through social media

Refugees Should Not Overshare On Social Media







Wifi

Passwords

Social Media

- Don't Overshare
- Don't give away personal information in calls, emails, or texts

Recommended Security Practices for LGBTIQ Refugees







Wifi

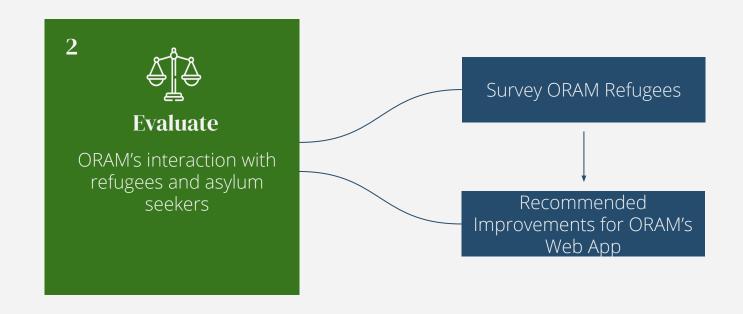
- Check network names
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- Disable Bluetooth

Passwords

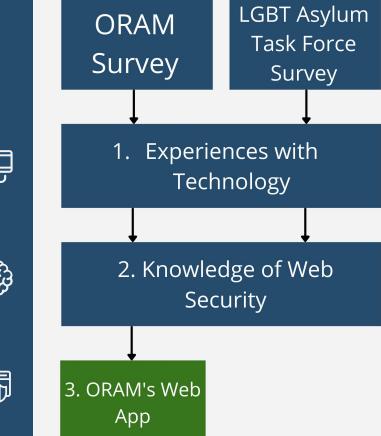
- "Passphrases" instead of passwords
- Password managers
- No identifying data
- Organize passwords into logical groups

Social Media

- Don't Overshare
- Don't give away personal information in calls, emails, or texts



Survey ORAM Refugees











Knowledge of ORAM's web app

Awareness

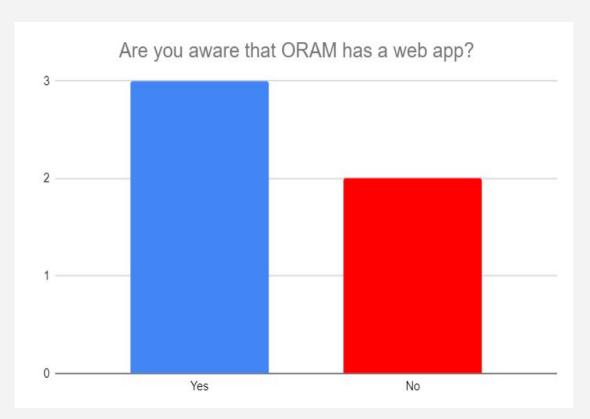
Needs for ORAM's web app

Resources provided

Improvements for ORAM's web app

Recommendations

The Majority of Refugees Were Aware ORAM Had a Web App



 ORAM's web app was created in 2020

 Refugees surveyed were already going through the asylum process

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The Majority of Refugees Requested Additional Resources and Communication Via Email

- "We don't know their email or where we can find it."
- "I would request ORAM to consider LGBTQ Refugees who are not staying in safe houses for help like Rent, Food and maybe medication. We have an organization they can go through called Refugee Independence Support Organisation(RISO)."
- "Swahili.."
- "Email.."

Recommended Changes to ORAM's Web App







Communication

ation Language

Resources

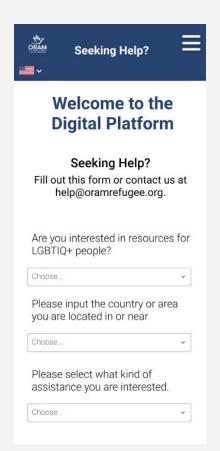
Contact local refugee su

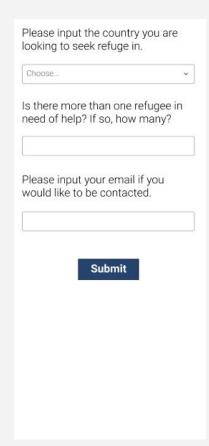
Connect to refugees through email

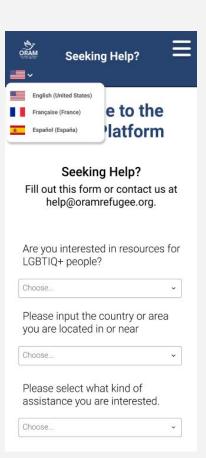
Add languages to support all refugees

Contact local refugee support groups

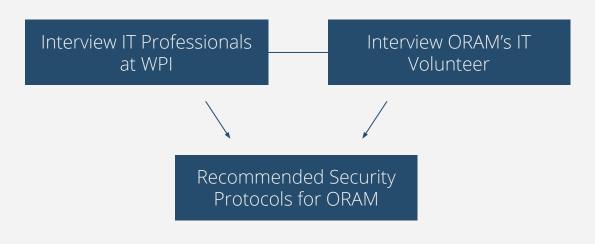
Recommended Design for ORAM's Web App from a Mobile View











Interview IT Professionals at WPI



Data collection

What methods can ORAM use to safely gather data



Data storage

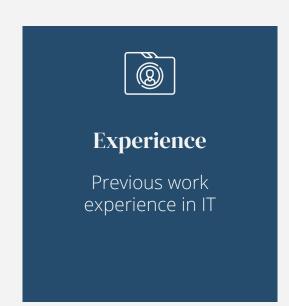
How can ORAM store their users' data securely



Security Measures

What other features and practices can ORAM implement to protect their users

Interview ORAM's IT Volunteer: Alex Bourgeau







ORAM IT Interview Takeaways



New Hosting Service

JP Morgan is helping them transition to Wix



3rd Party Plug-Ins

The site does utilize several 3rd party services



Experience

Has not done much work with security before

Evaluate and Provide Security Protocols for ORAM



Affordability

How much does each security measure cost to implement



Ease of Use

How feasible is it for ORAM to implement each security measure



Security

How effectively does each security measure protect sensitive data

Service	Affordability (/3)	Ease of Use (/3)	Security (/3)	Total (/9)

- 1. File Encryption
- 2. Data Storage

Encryption Protects Sensitive Information







Client-Side Encryption

By encrypting files locally prior to sharing them, not even the cloud storage service can see the data

Built-in Encryption

Some cloud storage services implement client-side encryption by default, such as Tresorit and NordLocker

Third-Party Services

Most cloud storage services need a separate program—such as VeraCrypt, Boxcryptor, or BitLocker—to encrypt files locally

Protect LGBTIQ Refugees' Data by Using Encryption

Service	Affordability (/3)	Ease of Use (/3)	Security (/3)	Total (/9)
Office 365	3	3	3	9
Cryptomator	3	2	3	8
Boxcryptor	2	3	3	8
VeraCrypt	3	1	3	7
BitLocker	1	2	3	6

Office 365

- "Encrypt with password" feature
- Easy for ORAM to begin using

Cryptomator

- Works on non-Office files
- Less user-friendly

Cloud Storage can be used if Files are Encrypted Locally





Security Measures

- Files are securely encrypted both in transit and at rest
- Google Drive also breaks up the file into chunks, and encrypts the chunks separately

Vulnerabilities

- There is a brief period where the file is decrypted and susceptible to hackers
- The cloud service could decrypt and view the files at any time

Safeguard LGBTIQ Refugees' Data by Utilizing Cloud Storage Services

Service	Affordability (/3)	Ease of Use (/3)	Security (/3)	Total (/9)
Google Drive	3	3	2	8
OneDrive	3	3	2	8
NordLocker	2	2	3	7
Tresorit	1	2	3	6
Dropbox	1	3	2	6

OneDrive

- Comes with Office 365, which ORAM already has Google Drive
 - Breaks data into chunks and stores separately

Use Strict Access Controls



Minimize who has access

Fewer people with access means fewer opportunities for data leaks



Principle of Least Privilege

Users should only have access to data that is necessary for them to do their job



Dynamically adjust access

Revoke permissions when they are no longer required

Pseudonymize Personal Data





Pseudonymization

- Replaces all personally identifying information with pseudonyms, such as a unique ID number
- Only an authorized user can re-identify the data

Anonymization

- Changes or removes all personally identifying information
- Can never be re-identified by anyone

Expand IT Support

ORAM's IT volunteer's expertise is not in security work

Encryption/security services that require little technical knowledge

ORAM should look at expanding their IT staff as they continue to grow



Contact Us!

Our Team: Brett Foster

Jenna Galli

Matthew O'Donnell Alexander Puhalski

Advisors: Dr. Fabio Carrera

Dr. Daniel DiMassa

Project Website:

https://sites.google.com/view/be21-oram

Team Email:

gr-BE21-ORAM@wpi.edu

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The Organization for Refuge, Asylum & Migration

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