lewspeak

student newspaper of Worcester Polytechnic Institute

me 5, Number 11

Tuesday, April 26, 1977

dent input needed

committee positions open

an effort to promote more student imment in the decision making process if the faculty has opened some of its important committees to student was. Student will have the responto initiate, consider and make immendations on questions of ional policy and problems arising in committees.

as student representative to a come of the faculty you would resically become a member of the demic Committee of Student. Institute of Student sted in serving on a faculty committee artands the duties and responsibilities sould be assumed as a member of the

decriptions of the committees with an members follow. Students inand in serving on a committee should submit to John Zimmerman (Box 1794) no later than May 7 a letter indicating the committee the student is interested in and explaining qualifications. A short recommendation from a faculty member should also be included.

The executive council will interview candidates for positions on Sunday, May 8 in the office of Student Affairs at 6 p.m. After which each position will be voted on.

Description

I. The Committee on Academic Policy consists of six members of the faculty-at-large, two students, and ex-officio the Dean of Faculty and the Director of Admissions. The committee continuously reviews existing academic and admission policies, standards, and goals. The committee recommends changes in policy as appropriate.

II. The Curriculum Committee includes one faculty member from each academic

discipline, three students, and the Dean for Undergraduate Studies ex-officio. Responsible primarily for the development of undergraduate programs of study, this committee continuously reviews existing curricula and makes recommendations on new curricular structures, particularly with respect to the development of interdisciplinary courses and programs.

III. The Committee on Student Life consists of four faculty members-at-large, four student members, and the Dean of Student Affairs. This committee evaluates current practices in the areas of student environment, discipline, extracurricular activities, financial aid, scholarship, athletics, and employment placement. The committee also makes recommendations with regard to the nature, extent, and operation of student non-academic counselling services.

IV. The Committee on Academic Advising consists of six elected faculty

members, two student members, and exofficio the Dean of Undergraduate Studies and the Dean of Academic Advising. This committee is charged with defining the extent of the role of the academic advisor, and with arranging for administrative support to assist the advisor in fulfilling that

V. The Financial Aid Committee is comprised of students, faculty, and administrative persons who recommend to the Financial Aid Office and the Office of Student Affairs policies in relation to student financial aid.

These policies include philosophy of student financial assistance, administrative decisions, and procedure of distribution.

Two students will be appointed by the Executive Committee of the Student Government for the academic year of 1977-78.

w energy source

ower of power

by Ken Mandile

layellow tower surrounded by scafday a top of Daniels Hall has been be people wonder lately. Theories a form "it's a weather station" to "it's a reliow tower." But by this Friday a heories will be laid to rest when it theres obvious that it is a windmill.

free Granger, a Mechanical meeting major, designed and built the simil as part of his Major Qualifying at He has been working on the simil since last Christmas. By the end of seek, if everything goes as planned, andmill will light fifty automobile sights shining down on the Quad.

windmill is only for preliminary leading to an eventaul solar and power research site in Paxton,

Massachusetts. It will put out two kilowatts at maximum output. The generator being used is from a Worcester Bus Company diesel bus. The yellow base tower stands twenty feet off of the roof of Daniels. The blades, which will be made of styrofoam coated with fiberglass, will be 18 feet in diameter.

Bryce designed and built the windmill with the help of project advisors Professors Price and Borden and the Washburn and Higgins machine shop crew.

About windpower, Bryce said that "it is important that it be researched and developed so rapidly." With all the talk in the past two weeks about President Carter's Energy Proposals, the completion of the windmill comes at an appropriate time.



The windmill rises

Photo by Tom Daniels

atin' for Epilepsy

unedian George Gobel has said that by the he became well known, other this had already taken all of the diseases. Thus, for many years, old the George wasn't affiliated with any the major health causes like heart the cause, cancer, diabetes, etc.

popular "Happy Days" TV series, a lust didn't look carefully enough. It look saleady found the good cause lums him on. He's now the first lumb him on the south chairman for the look foundation of America, the literature of the look for the look foundation that will benefit from the 1st of ATO Eatin' for Epilepsy to be held on the WPI campus Saturday, May

clually, George Gobel and Henry Ider, like most major celebrities, are ged with requests from charitable as to lend their names for the benefit manity. But today, more than ever miles are reluctant to be identified with suse; unless it is something they feel ally important and offers them an munity for genuine personal inment and satisfaction.

did Henry respond to the appeal the Fnitepsy Foundation? "Well," says Winkler, "it's the only major health problem that has yet to be fully recognized by the public at large. There are a lot of weird ideas that people have about epilepsy, and it's a personal challenge for me to see what I can contribute toward public understanding of this complicated disorder."

But there's more to it than that. Winkler feels he has a special responsibility. In a recent Newsweek magazine article, he has said, "When you have as large an effect as I find myself having, you have new responsibilities... Now, when I think back on my cozy college dream, my fantasy of fame, I'm reminded of the truth of the poet's line 'in dreams begin responsibilities.' I hope I can recognize mine, and meet them. That, to me, is maturity."

The reason ATO has gotten behind the epilepsy cause is that it is a problem for which there are many solutions that can be put into effect right now. One is greater public education on what to do during a seizure.

Well-meaning spectators can cause physical harm to the teeth and gums of a seizure victim by forcing hard objects into the mouth. This results in dental expenses

for someone who is more likely among those least able to pay. Or, it is uncommon for someone to call an ambulance during a seizure, which, except for extremely rare occasions, is unnecessary. While this does no physical harm to the person, it may result in an ambulance fee of \$50 and sometimes more.

The best advice for someone who doesn't know what to do during a seizure is probably to do nothing. However, first aid guidelines for grand mal seizures — there are many seizure types — are available by contacting the Epilepsy Society of Worcester County Inc., located at 25 Winthrop St., Tel. 798-6243.

There are without doubt some people on campus with epilepsy. Their condition is more than likely controlled through medications, which are taken daily. According to the Epilepsy Foundation of America, some 50 to 60 per cent of people with epilepsy are able to achieve full control. Another 20 to 30 per cent can achieve partial control, while the remainder are virtually unaffected by medication.

Thus, there is a need for a wide range of programs and services — from helping some people with epilepsy in their battle against discrimination in the job market, to appropriate residential care for the more serious and intractable cases.

Part of the funds raised at the 1st Annual ATO Eatin' for Epilepsy will be used in the local community for direct service to persons with epilepsy, while the remainder will go to the Epilepsy Foundation of America for the broader national attack on the problem.

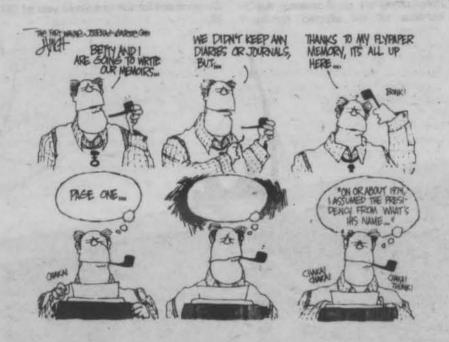
So, for some fun with a purpose, be sure to participate, either by sponsoring someone or getting people to sponsor you (money will be pledged per pancake eaten.) There will be prizes and awards given away for most pancakes eaten, most money pledged, etc. Again, the 1st Annual ATO Eatin' for Epilepsy will be held in Alden Hall on Saturday May 14th, (for more information call 756-5656.) It's a good chance for all of us to show our responsibility to others for whom college attendance may be a physical or economic impossibility.

Editorials: Dangerous revisions

This week, we have been presented with some very dangerous revisions to the student body constitution concerning the Social Committee. The power of the student body to decide the fate of its money intended for social purposes is being challenged by the Executive Council of the Student Government. The first major change mentioned in the amendment is that the position of Social Committee chairman become an appointed one rather than an elected one. While there has been sparse turnout in campus elections, placing the decision into the hands of the Executive Council is like taking the smoke-filled room and legalizing it. In addition, the Executive Council would have to approve any major expenditures of the social committee. Not only is this placing control in the wrong hands, but will probably mean delays that would better be done without. While it is true that there have been some questionable large expenditures in the past, it is a mistake to grant veto power to anyone but the student body.

There are some good points in the amendments, particularly those involving a prerequisite experience on the social committee for the chairman, but these hardly outweigh the bad points that would be voted in as part of the package. Before we vote in favor of these amendments, extensive revision is necessary to remove those parts that would take the vote away from the student body at large, and place the power of approval in the hands of a dozen people. It is the right of every student to have a vote in how his or her money is spent, and thus their right to approve the person who will decide how to spend it. Regardless of voter turnout, it is dangerous to remove the voice of the student body from these decisions. We firmly oppose the passage of these amendments.

> Rory J. O'Connor SBF TAD





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Letters: Social committee amendments

Be careful how you vote in the campus elections May 12. The first proposed amendment to the student government constitution takes voting power away from the student body and places it in the hands of an elite 15-member executive council. It gives student government the power to appoint the social committee chairmen one of the most important positions on

The social committee is responsible for all campus wide social and cultural functions and controls \$30.00 from each undergraduates' tuition bill. It's only fair to the students and to Student Affairs that the Chairmen have had some experience as active members of the Social Committee, Pub Entertainment Committee or Coffee House Committee. It should be Student Government's function to screen candidates for these basic qualifications, but the final decision as to who gets elected should be up to the student body.

Some members of Student Government are afraid that Social Chairmen elections are turning into popularity contests. R.A.'s and fraternity officers fare well simply because their names are well known, not because they are the most capa qualified people. If some prerequisite written into the constitution then we be assured that all candidates were a minimally competent to take over the and the biggest question at election would be one of taste.

This is where the proposed amen is unfair to the student body. The people who control your campus or should not necessarily control your activities. Student Government has accused of being a cliquey organi-Whether this is true or not, it is probable that the executive council not have the same taste in music or affairs as you do. It's awfully hard to spending your tuition dollars on a co season of Harry Chapin or Beach when you're into Jeff Beck or progr

The Social Committee Chairmen h vast influence on what concerts scheduled during the year. It show your right to vote for the style of must like. Vote "no" on the referendum que and stand up for your rights.

There are sixteen new Brothers of SAE after six long months of pledging. They are Ted Kielar, Bob Grant, John Apostolou, Steve Korb, Phill Spillman, Scott Wade, Ron Dutton, Herb Dunnington, Brian Huntley, Jeff Carter, Curt Dudley, Dan Huky, Mike Yebak, Fred Wanat, Ed Kurdziel, and Ed Johnson. Also recently initiated but as Little Sisters were Farrah Fawcett-Majors, Kate Jackson, and Jaclyn Smith.

Zeta Psi is proud to announce the pledging of Mike Sharon, Mark Klizas, and Andy Pelletier to the brotherhood and the pledging of Linda Landry, Donna Philbrook, Lisa Krauss, and Mary Ellen McLaughlin to the sisterhood. A joint brother and sister pledging ceremony was held on Sunday,

Our Brothers at USC were the lucky We're hoping to get a chance to see at the National Convention in Phila this summer.

This past weekend was Spring Wa at WPI and JP Co-Chairmen Frank A and Toby Gouker did a really gran Next weekend is the SAE Car Rally United Way. For info, call 757-9689 for Steve.

On Saturday, April 23, brother Loeb and Dave Weiss and pledge Klizas attended a leadership w Boston University.

We would also like to let everyone that we will be sponsoring a Kits Contest in the near future and to be look out for more information on a

Upsilon Pi Epsilon

The Massachusetts Alpha Chapter of Upsilon Pi Epsilon, the national Computer Science honor society, is proud to announce the following candidates for in-

- (duction into its ranks:			
	John Wallace	9	CS	'71
-	Stephen Wolff		CS	'71
1	Eric Northrop		CS	'71
-	Ed Menard		CS	7
	Ralph Chapman		CS	7
	Richard Clayton		CS	7
	Mike Kenniston		MA	'7
	John McGee		EE	7

Upsilon Pi Epsilon is an honorary society whose membership consist of outstanding undergraduate and graduate students. Members are chosen not only for their scholastic achievement in a Computer Science degree program, but also for distinguishing themselves as true professionals by meeting the standards of the Society. Membership is limited to those who can effectively achieve the original goals of the society as it was first organized in 1967. These goals include: The recognition of outstanding talent in the field of Computer Science; The promotion of high scholarship and the establishment and maintenance of high stands Computer Science; and couragement of individual contribut

mankind through Computer Scien UPE is the first, and only, existing society in Computer Science. The chusetts Alpha Chapter, located WPI, is the only chapter of UPE in chusetts. The Association for Con Machinery has endorsed the UPE of and has agreed to encourage its # other universities through student of of ACM.

As part of the induction process candidate is asked to present a short a Computer Science topic of his These talks are always va ing, and will be open to the public. ments will be served before the tal and all interested persons are urged by. The talks will be on Wednesd 17 at 4 p.m. in the Higgins Cor Room (HL 101).

Once again we wish to conf these new candidates and hope III will maintain the high standards whi lead them to their current position of

David B. M President

RESIDENT ADVISORS 1077.70

171	1-10		
386	Murphy, Theresa		
2293	Neece, Michael		
2632	O'Hearne, Mark Pallett, Charles		
222			
2155	Panek, Thomas		
1386	Pivnick, Heidi		
1447	Ruscito, Richard		
1220	Tracy, Patricia		
324	Van Houten, Greg		
2275	Vogt, John		
937	Wiljanen, Laurel		
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Energy Carter's energy policy

Today, we finally have a new, comprehensive national energy policy. For years we have had presidents who, in the past, have tried to deal with the energy crisis through energy conservation measures but none have attempted to deal with the problem head on. However, I believe that the proposals that President Carter has put forth are only a first step on the long, hard road back to energy selfafficiency. First, I will discuss President Caner's energy goals.

On Monday, April 18, President Carter set seven goals to be met by 1985:

1. Reduce gasoline consumption by 10

2 Reduce the growth in our energy demand to less than two per cent. 3. Insulate all new buildings and 90 per

cent of U.S. homes. 4. Make use of solar energy in over 2.5

million houses. 5. Increase our production of coal by two-thirds to over a billion tons per year. 6. Establish a strategic oil reserve of one billion barrels, enough to supply the nation energy for at least six months.

7. Cut imported oil from a possible 16 million barrels to only six billion barrels per

First, I would like to ask how realistic hese goals are. At least four of these goals second on the individual initiative of weryone to conserve energy. Therefore, hey may not be easily attained unless Carter's "carrot-and-stick" proposals nicceed in encouraging this initiative to a large degree. Second, what factors affect tese energy goals? Well, the economy will te the main factor in determining whether wnot these energy goals are attained. The nore money people have to spend on mulating their homes, installing solar nergy devices, and on making other home inprovements, the easier these goals will le attained. If the economy is in good hape, the energy policy may be selferpetuating since, for example, if goals wee and four are attained, goals two and even will also be reached by 1985. Also, coperation between industry and governnent will play a key role in determining whether or not goals five and six are ataned. Finally, the ability of President Carter to convince the people that this margy crisis is for real may also be a factor ince so many of his energy goals depend in individual initiative.

Third, in evaluating these energy goals, I muld ask if these are the best goals and if hey are all the goals we should have. For he time being, these goals will probably be ullident. However, in the future these pals will probably be re-evaluated and new quals may be added on. Finally, I might add lat I think these are fairly reasonable goals any view, and that the goal of building a nategic oil reserve in case of an embargo equite appealing in view of the precarious pation the U.S. currently holds in foreign

The next area that I will deal with is the largy policy. On Wednesday, April 21, larger made his first speech to Congress of presidency, outling a new national policy. Here are its main points:

I Gas pump taxes, now four cents per llon, would go up five cents by January 1979 if consumption increases by one

elections

per cent or more over a set target date in 1978, and so on for ten years, if necessary.

2. Taxes on "gas-guzzling" cars with 1978 models, but also rebates for fuelefficient cars.

3. Taxes on domestic oil at the wellhead designed to drive oil prices up to world market levels, and thus boost consumer prices even further.

4. Tax credits for insulating homes and business. For insulation this tax credit could be as high as \$410 if up to \$2,200 was spent in a single year on insulation between April 20, 1977 and December 31, 1984, the end of the program. Also, businesses would get a 10 per cent tax credit for insulating and a tax credit of up to \$2,000 would be given for \$7,400 spent in a year on certain solar energy equipment for houses and businesses.

5. Standby gasoline rationing authority for emergency.

Also, besides these main proposals, emergency power for the President to require sharing and allocation of scarce natural gas supplies would be extended for three years. Industries and utilities would be required to switch from natural gas and oil to coal, where feasible. Gas used by the industries and utilities would be taxed just as much as alternate fuels, and a tax rate of 90 cents per barrel in 1979 for industries, and \$1.50 per barrel in 1983 for utilities would be levied. Natural gas would also not be allowed to be used in new boilers, existing facilities would switch to coal where feasible, and new coal-fired plants would be required to install the best available pollution control equipment. Finally, the money collected from gas and automobile taxes would then be returned to Americans in the form of rebates through the income tax system or by direct payments to those who don't pay taxes.

On the surface, this appears to be a painful, unpopular energy policy that will be in for a tough battle in both houses of Congress. It is particularly evident that President Carter believes that we must sacrifice to save energy and that "voluntary compliance" is not enough.

There appears to be mixed feelings towards the Carter energy policy. A spokesman for a coalition of conservationists, caaled the policy "fundamentally fair and far-sighted." However, representatives of the oil industry were sorry not to see any of the program for promoting more production of oil and natural gas by exploration incentives. Also, the Republicans say that they would soon reveil an alternative energy policy of their own, based mainly on voluntary conservation and stimulants for discovery and production of new domestic oil resources; while early reaction from the Democratic Congressional leaders and ecology groups was favorable to the Carter energy policy.

As far as my opinion of the President's energy policy goes, I would say that on the whole, the policy is reasonably good. However I don't believe that the standby gasoline tax will go too far in accomplishing the goal of reducing comsumption. Probably all that will happen is that the workers will demand higher wages to compensate somewhat for the added price of gas. Also, the standby gasoline tax will face tough opposition in Congress. Sécondly, I don't believe that the tax on "gas guzzling" cars will go too far in stopping many people from buying them. The tax will probably amount to only a few hundred dollars extra at the most.

So, for a general overview of the energy policy, one might ask, "should people be required to sacrifice?" My answer, however, unpopular it may be is yes! It is my belief that whenever we deal with problems of such perplexing nature, that it usually takes something bad to happen to help stimulate action on solving the problem. I would rather sacrifice now than have to make even larger sacrifices later on. Secondly, one might ask, "Is Jimmy Carter really trying to be fair?" I think, on the whole, that he is trying to be fair, although it may not appear that way to the oil companies.

So, finally, I would like to discuss my vision of what needs to be done to solve the energy problem. First, of course, we need to conserve energy. President Carter's energy policy, on the whole, goes a long way towards that goal. Second, there must be cooperation between industry and government, and encouragement of the oil automobile industry, especially to change over gradually to process and use alternative sources of energy. Third, a general rebuilding of our transportation system to channel much more money into mass transit (something President Carter has unfortunately overlooked for the time being), and encourage industry to change over to making mass transit systems. Fourth, although this may seem like a radical idea to some, a general "shift-over" to decentralization of energy power sources. Finally, a renaming of the problem for the general term, "energy crisis", to the more specific term, "energy cost crisis."

These final two steps are very important, because they stem from my idea that we should have to rely totally or maybe even partially on the power companies to provide the energy we need for the home. I believe that energy has become too valuable a commodity to be in the hands of others, and sold by other sources. Also, I believe that we are too committed, at the present time, to the short-term outlook on solving the energy problem. Granted, we cannot make the change over to alternative energy sources at once, but we should always be looking ahead to promote the change. Finally, I believe that we should cut down waste, to conserve energy, and that we should use wasted energy as a source of energy, itself, whenever cutting down on wasted energy becomes cost-prohibitive.

Therefore, I must conclude that most of President Carter's energy policy should be implemented along with the additional measures I have proposed to help solve the energy problem. Also, in the future we must avoid pitfalls, like getting too reliant on centralization of power as well as being too reliant on foreign oil. I believe that oil companies, who claim that they are a "highly competitive" industry, would just as soon explore that earth to death for more "black gold" and keep us committed to the short-term outlook until the "axe" falls! Finally, in the far future I hope that we will become totally reliant on renewable energy sources, like solar, wind, tidal, and geothermal energy.

Sources: The Worcester Telegram, Worcester, Mass., Tuesday, April 19, 1977, pg. 1, Thursday, April 21, 1977, pg. 1-2.

IRHC amendments

The following proposal is to eliminate Articles X and XI of the Student Body Constitution of 9-24-74 and replace both sections with the proposed Section X.

The reasons are the following:

1) Presently, the IRHC and Residence Hall Committee have duplicate functions resulting in only the need of one committee to meet.

2) The present IRHC, due to the size of the committee, is cumbersome and difficult to work together as a committee.

3) Because of the size of the committee, consistent attendance is impossible, thus meetings end up to be repetitious in content.

The proposed amendment will:

1) Streamline the committee membership, yet ensure adequate representation on the IRHC.

2) Will eliminate a two committee structure, where only one is needed.

3) Will provide a workable number for a committee system, and allow for cohesiveness among committee members.

Presently it is difficult for the committee to get to know one another and develop a working relationship. The proposal would allow for maximum efficiency, and provide an excellent forum for residence hall concerns

ARTICLE X - Internal Residence Hall Committee

Section 1: Membership

A. The IRHC will have the following representation:

1. The Chairman, elected in May, who serves as chairman the following year. 2. Two elected representatives from each

the following residence halls: Hiley, Morgan, Daniels, Stoddard.

3. One representative from Ellsworth Apartments and one from the Fuller Apartments.

4. One representative from groups of 30 or more students in on-campus houses (i.e. Trowbridge, Elbridge).

5. One RA, elected by all RA's.

6. One HRA, elected from HRA's.

2. Alternates

a. There shall be two student alternates who will be used to replace student members of the Campus Hearing Board.

b. There shall be two faculty alternates who will be used to replace faculty members of the Campus Hearing Board.

3. Election

a. By the Student Body

(1) Any member of the student body shall be eligible for election except where prohibited by Article II, Section A, Paragraph I, Subparagraph c.

(2) The student body shall elect three students and one faculty member to

7. Additional members are determined by the needs of the committee.

B. Each member of the committee must be in academic residence for three out of four terms (excluding E term, and a resident of one of the WPI residence complexes).

Section II: Chairman

A. Qualifications

1. The Chairman will be elected in May by the previous IRHC.

2. Chairman must have served at least one year in the IRHC.

3. Chairman must reside during the time of office in one of the WPI residential complexes.

B. Responsibilities

1. Chairman will be responsible for coordinating and organizing elections for IRHC committee members.

2. Chairman has responsibility for coordinating Dining Hall Advisory Committee elections and chairing meetings.

3. Chairman of the IRHC, as noted in Sec. a, 1., b, of the constitution of the WPI Campus Judicial System, chair the Dormitory Hearing Board and coordinates the election of DHB members.

Section III: Term of Office

A. Term of office will be one year from time of election.

Section IV: Election Procedures

A. Election of IRHC members should be held by the first week of October.

Section V: Qualifications

A. IRHC members must reside in the residential complex of his-her committee's responsibility.

Section IV: Powers and Duties

A. The IMMU shall serve as forum for residential complexes concerning residence policies

B. The IRHC, representing its constituents, may initiate studies of specific residence hall problems and may recommend policies to meet these problems.

C. The IRHC will recommend lottery policies and assist with the responsibility of lottery plans.

justice of the Campus Hearing Board a petition of fifty signatures shall have their names placed on the ballot. A student may sign only one such petition.

(4) Incumbent underclassmen may have their names placed on the ballot at their request

(5) The Executive Council of the Student Government shall nominate three faculty members for the ballot. (6) There must be at least five students on the ballot before the election can be

(7) The first three ranking student candidates in the balloting shall be elected members of the Campus Hearing Board. The next two highest ranking candidates shall be elected alternates

the Campus Hearing Board. (3) Students who submit to the chief

Campus Hearing Board Elections ursday, May 12, 1977 me: 10:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m. oce: Daniels Hall - First floor. Who is eligible?

Any full-time undergraduate who can abmit a petition of 50 names.

All names on petition must be students WPI and a student may sign only one

Submit petitions to Tom Paivek (Morgan (18) by Friday, May 6, no later than 5:00

seed more details?

You're interested but have some estions about what the Hearing Board s, talk to any member of this year's

If you have questions as to how the elections will be run and how you can become a candidate then:

1. Consult the operational catalog pgs. 142, 143 which is the Judicial Constitution.

Talk to Eric Hertz (Morgan 318, 798-0942).

3. Talk to Tom Paivek (Morgan 418, 798-

For your benefit, Article II of the WPI Judicial Constitution reprinted here. This section covers membership and election information.

1. Members

a. The Campus Hearing Board shall consist of eight (8) voting members. b. Its membership shall be comprised of four students, three members of the faculty, and one member of the administration. c. No member shall be allowed to serve

simultaneously as a member of another branch of the Campus Judicial System.

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The DNA dilemma: part three

Shrewsbury's citizens speak

I had the opportunity last week to pick up one of the many free issues of Worcester Magazine that are left, each month, in the Wedge. As I was walking back to the Newspeak office, I happened to turn to a small story, on the Worcester Scenes "Shrewsbury DNA pages, entitled controversy: the show has only just begun." I immediately sat down on the Quad and began to read, for this story was on the same topic that I had intended to write about that night. After finishing the story, I did something which I had never done before: I sat down and wrote a letter of protest to the editors of the magazine.

What I objected to, basically, was the same thing that I faulted Time for in my last story on recombinant DNA, a lack of objectivity. The Worcester Magazine story, which was written as if it were a theater review, made the Shrewsbury town meeting sound as if it had been a mockery, with the citizens not believing a single word that the scientists from the Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology told them. It accused Dr. Mahlon Hoagland of "lecturing" for two and one half hours, and ended by saying, "The voters had opted for a smash Cambridge closing." Hopefully, our account of the meeting will reflect the facts in a slightly more objective manner.

We decided to attend the open meeting, which was held on the night of March 23, the last day of C term, because we wanted to find out how the public in Shrewsbury was going to react to this touchy issue. The meeting opened at 7:30, with between 250 and 300 people, including many representatives of the local press, in attendance. Dr. Hoagland, the founder and President of the Foundation, was the principle speaker of the evening. He began by explaining just what was meant by recombinant DNA. "A biologist wants to obtain certain genes in large quantities," he said, "since this allows him to conduct his experiments in a more realistic en-To obtain these particular genes, he experimentally takes apart certain strands of DNA, and recombines the piedes in the desired arrangement. A host bacteria, most often E. coli, is then used to "grow" these new genes.

Moving on to the question of safety, Dr. Hoagland said that there were three types of recombinant DNA experiments that would not, under any circumstances, be carried out at the Foundation, because of the hazards involved. The first type involved placing the new genes in a virus dangerous to humans, such as a cancer virus. This type of research has been banned by the scientists themselves, without waiting for governmental regulation. Using genes responsible for toxins, such as dyptheria, has also been banned. A third category of restricted research involves tampering with genes that control drug resistance. Obviously, it would be extremely dangerous to create a gene which made a drug such as penicillin

It was noted that the experiments which brought on the controversy in Cambridge involved using genes from human or animal-like cells, something which would produce an unwanted organism. The Worcester Foundation proposes to use only those genes which are unrelated in any way with human-like structures. These experiments would be classified as P2, as opposed to P3 and P4 research described above. P2 experiments have been going on for years throughout the country, without serious problems. Since 1971, the National Institute of Health, dependent" government agency, has been recombinant DNA research. These guidelines, however, apply only to those receiving NIH fundings.

"Many of the actions taken by society," he added, involve taking some sort of risk. Nuclear power, for example, has a certain risk associated with it, but we take the risk because of the potential benefits." He also said that almost every industry in the country pollutes the environment each and every hour of the day, but we allow them to go on because it has become socially acceptable. One of the biggest risks taken is the producing and marketing of common drugs. "When we developed the contraceptive pill," Dr. Hoagland said, "we knew almost nothing about the possible side effects it might produce, yet millions of women used it. Polio vaccine was found to contain a cancer virus, but there has never been one reported case of cancer that could be traced to it.'

Many people had voiced the opinion that the E. coli bacteria used in the DNA experiments could possibly be turned into a man killing organism. "This, to my knowledge, would be just about impossible," Dr. Hoagland said. "When a bacteria such as E. coli is changed through this type of experimentation, the end result is, almost universally, a weaker organism than the one you started with. As an added precaution, however, a "crippled" E. coli is used. This bacteria must have so many different nutrients to live, that it can't survive outside of the laboratory."

"You may ask why some scientists are against recombinant DNA research," he continued. "Although this group is small, but vocal, they do represent a valid side of the matter. They see that it's important for us to take precautions, so we won't be blamed for another Legionnaire's Disease

Dr. Hoagland said that there were many misconceptions among laymen about recombinant DNA experiments that had been spread through the press. "The socalled claims of 'genetic engineering' made by the press are largely garbage," he said.



Photo by Rory O'Connor A question

Foley [L] and Hoagland [R] address meeting.

should be informed of the possible risks. "This controversy hasn't arisen because of what's been said by the press, but, rather, because of a past record of people doing things against their better judgement." He endorsed Dr. Marsh's extra precaution, and added one of his own, an independent resident's committee such as the one formed in Cambridge. After assessing the situation, however, he said that, in his opinion as an expert at hazards assessment, he felt that the P2 level experiments should be allowed to proceed.

A resident asked if it was wise for the Foundation to begin their research now, before new federal regulation controlling recombient DNA experiments had been enacted. Dr. Fredrico Walsh, also from the WFEB, said that, since they were being

views." Vice-Chairman Foley said that meeting had been well advertised in all a local media outlets, and that opposite groups had been invited. He asked if the were groups present that wished to spe against the proposed research. When the d. He also was no response, he asked the woman she thought there was some reason with had prevented opposition groups for attending the meeting. She replied that h groups probably hadn't thought that meeting was important enough to ware the trip up from Boston.

Another resident asked Dr. Hoagland I were possible for a mutation to be spr outside of the laboratory. He restated belief that it was virtually impossible to dangerous mutant to result from I proposed experiments. If such a mutal were formed, however, he said that chances for it escaping the laboratory w very, very small, "It would be about a possible for the 'crippled' E. coli to live the researcher's stomach on intestine alone raw sewage," he said.

Most of the people at the meet wanted to know the exact meanings ? "P3" and "P4" containment levels. Crane, the person who will be conduc the research, explained that the Wh started working with viruses some i ago, under P1 conditions, which, at with P2 through P4 procedures, w discussed in the first article of this set The recombient DNA work now be proposed comes under P2 guidelines, I could be done in facilities already of structed for the virus work. Among of things, a P2 lab is kept under neg pressure, so that air may flow in, but out, until it has been passed throu special biological filters. The Found proposes, however, to upgrade facilities to P3 levels, to add an extra ma of safety. For security reasons, there will double doors which will be kept locket all times. Only authorized researchers their assistants will be able to gain entra to the lab area.

Other questions asked were: -Will the new federal guidelines stricter than the NIH rules? "Congress I decide for stricter rules," said Hoagland, "but, in my opinion, even NIH guidelines are in excess of what

-Is the Defense Department provi any funding for recombient DNA periments? "No!" was Dr. Hoegian emphatic reply. "WFEB never, as a p ciple, accepts any type of classified wi

-Are there any local or state to involved? "Nobody will exercise control over our goals by funding. Hoagland said, trying to reassure

"Many of the actions taken by society involve taking some sort of risk. Nuclear power, for example, has a certain risk associated with it, but we take the risk because of the potential benefits."

"Cambridge looked bad at first, but it came out good, because scientists and laymen communicated. They were able to evaluate the situation without letting hysterics get in the way.'

At this point, Thomas Foley, Vice-Chairman of the Shrewsbury Board of Selectmen, opened the meeting to anyone wishing to make a statement concerning the DNA issue. Dr. David Marsha, a research associate at the Foundation said that some restrictions should be placed on the work before it begins: All P4 level experiments should be banned immediately: any major changes in the type of experiments being done at the Foundation should require that a letter of explanation be sent to the selectmen beforehand; the Shrewsbury Health Department should have the right to inspect the labs; and finally, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health should be required to inspect the laboratories once a year.

Robert Cates, a scientist who specializes in hazard assessment, said that people

funded by the National Institute of Health, the Foundation's experiments will have to comply with NIH guidelines. "This meeting tonight, is proof that we're complying with the NIH guidelines," he said. Among these rules are statutes requiring that the researchers establish a "bio-hazards" committee, and submit a "Memorandum of and Understanding, Agreement describing, in detail, each experiment that is to be carried out. The Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology received full NIH approval as of January 6, 1977, to begin experimentation. "We felt, however, that the taxpayers of Shrewsbury had a right to know what we planned," said Dr. Walsh, "so we requested this meeting, o give us a chance to educate the town."

A VV orcester resi ient said that a citizen: panel was an absolute necessity, so that there could be a fuller understanding between researchers and the public. To this, Dr. Hoagland said that Americans are not, on the whole, known for their patience. He felt that there should be communication between the two groups,

but that the researchers should maintain a flexibility to conduct the experimentation as they saw fit.

A member of the Regional Environmental Council stated that she was disappointed at the lack of a balance at the meeting. "There should be another meeting," she said, "so that opposition groups may defend their

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ationnaire. Only private donations and grants that have no strings attached accepted. "The NIH is one of the mment's greatest achievements," he ded, "in that it isn't under direct control wing institutions without fear of inthe bureaucracy. It can award grants to

How many scientists are involved? Dr. Crane and his team of assistants. "Dr. Crane said that this laboratory will P3 requirements. Will it be used for P3 T No P3 work is being planned at the lation, according to Dr. Walsh.

Betty Hoskins of WPI, addressed the ing on the possible ways of looking at proposed research, "Much depends on senefits vs. the risks. Often, we look at the short term, instead of the long Even if our basic knowledge adcan we control the potential We hope that they will outweigh We could cause the risk of Damage could be done to the nment, such as displacing or ying some species. Also, by creating ng artificial, we are breaking an harrier. If this work proceeds, will it our respect for human beings?"

If the WFEB work foster the start of desirable work elsewhere? It could a matter of professional pride to try do each other in our research." he community should be involved, by those research workers not

and at the top scientific levels." Juntion was asked as to the makeup WFEB bio-hazards committee. Dr. and replied that the NIH had apfive member panel, to which Dr. representative from the nonand staff of the Foundation, and two members had since been ad-Masso repeated a previous statement Syewsbury selectmen would be

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notified in advance, if the proposed work changed in the least bit. When asked if he would be willing to put that statement in writing, he replied with an emphatic "Absolutely!"

The two final questions dealt with liability and timetables. Dr. Walsh said that the Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology was insured under a policy which would cover up to one million dollars in liability, in the event of a biological disaster. When asked how soon experiments could start, Dr. Hoagland said, "We're ready to start work at any time." Selectman Foley clarified the situation by telling the meeting that the Board of Selectmen did not, in fact, have to give the WFEB permission to

shouts of, "That's no way to ask the question!" and "What does he mean by safe?" were heard throughout the room. Vice-Chairman Foley, quite wisely, decided to adjourn the meeting, after almost three hours of questions and answers.

After most of the crowd filtered out, we interviewed several of the key speakers. Selectman Foley said he was pleasantly surprised at the size of the turnout, saying

"There are usually two or three people at a selectmen's meeting, and then only when we're talking about garbage pickup." He added that his goal was to see an effective bio-hazards committee formed. Several townspeople had responded to his call, just

"This controversy hasn't arisen because of what's been said by the press, but, rather, because of a past record of people doing

go ahead with the research, since they had authority to stop it only if the experiments were found to be an immediate threat to the welfare of the citizens of Shrewsbury. "No decision will be made, since none is called for," he said.

At this point, the meeting, which had been proceeding in an extremely orderly manner, broke down. Several residents made emotional statements, evidently angered by the news that the selectmen weren't going to exercise any veto power over the research. One of the other selectmen, whose name, unfortunately, was lost in the noise, asked for a show of hands, saying, "How many of you were totally convinced tonight that this type of experiment is perfectly safe?" The crowd was somewhat bewildered by this, and

before he closed the meeting, to serve on such a panel.

Doctors Hoagland and Walsh discussed the nature of the experiments that Dr.1 Crane would be conducting, adding that, due to the diversity among researchers at the Foundation, they often had trouble discussing such work among themselves! They said that, basically, Dr. Crane will be trying to join certain fragments of DNA, and not conducting the less-acceptable "shotgun" experiments, where a researcher just tries to get as many new combinations as he can. Dr. Hoagland did contradict something he had said earlier in the evening, when he told us that the Foundation could begin construction of the P3 equipment in about four weeks. This would seem to discount any possibilities of

the research beginning "right now", as he had told the meeting.

By far, the majority of the citizens we interviewed who were against the experiments, opposed them on moral grounds. These people told us that even if much of what Dr. Hoagland had told them about the safety of the experiments was true, they could not approve of any work in which the basic structure of a gene would be artificially altered.

A staff research assistant at the Foundation, who asked not to be identified, said that there was "definitely a fear that some of the researchers at the Foundation may not be qualified to do the work. There is no guarantee that the person working with the cancer virus (and the best autoclave in the world wouldn't clean his lab!) won't do something wrong, and mix the virus with the E. coli. What Dr. Crane is doing is perfectly fine work, but we're afried that the administration won't fully disclose everything that's going on. They've found ways of going around the bio-hazards committee before."

This person added that other people from the foundation object to the safety of the experiments, but "they feared for their jobs here tonight." This person was quick to add that "the objections are to the environment, not to the actual DNA research." On the question of the possible starting date for the work, the research assistant told us, "I haven't seen the room they say is ready, and I have to conduct some of my tests in that building."

Obviously, not all of the possible questions on this subject have been asked and answered but this meeting did provide us with what seemed to be a fair cross section of public opinion. Next week, we'll be taking a look at another set of opinions: namely, those belonging to the WPI community.

there is a bill coming up in the Massachusetts State www that provides matching state to private colleges (e.g. WPI) for aid those colleges give to insetts students. In order for the Ispes the Massachusetts Legislature, refet receive the green light from the and Means Committee. The list of sebers of this committee appears long with their districts and their ses. The best way for the bill mis if these representatives receive a number of favorable letters. For this and am urging students, faculty, and stration to write letters to this itte indicating support for this bill. It tens if the letters are from cusetts residents to their own atives but it is still better than gfor them to receive any letter. The

lalolowing is an alphabetical listing of Ambers of the Massachusetts House spesentatives' Ways and Means

mould just indicate support for

18 H4414 and ask him (her) for the

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John J. (D) Chairman, 128 Insett Ave., Boston, 18th Suffolk trict, Boston.

Peter G. (D), 29 Cherry St., Inckton, 15th Plymouth: Avon,

Transil 15th Essex, Haverhill.

ym, Robert J. (D), 17 Converse St. mester, 21st Worcester, Worcester. (fied F. (D), 19 Clark St., Wilmington, In Middlesex, Billerica.

Ucoln P. (R), 16 Hill St., Lexington, Sh Middlesex, Lexington. Y. Edward W. (R), 565 River Rd.,

Swam, 3rd Hampden, Agawam. James J. Jr. (D), 9 St. John St., twon, 13th Suffolk, Boston.

Dennis J. (D), 97 Cliffwood St., 4th Berkshire: Lee, Lenox,

Thomas F. (D), 330 Main St., nion, 12th Worcester: Clinton, eminster, Sterling.

Michael P. (D), 934 Metropolitan Boston, 21st Suffolk: Boston. kt, Kevin W. (D), 7 Sunset St., been, 11th Suffolk: Boston.

Samey (D), 18 Commonwealth Boston, 5th Suffolk: Boston. Barbara E. (R), 220 Edmands Rd., amingham, 56th Middlesex: mingham.

Gerard A. (D), 15 Foxcroft St., Mince, 25th Essex: Lawrence. Charles W. (R), 121 Walpole St., 16th Norfolk: Dover, Needham,

4 Draald J. (D), 16 Grant Place,

Waltham, 14th Middlesex: Waltham. McCarthy, Peter C. (D), 16 Lenox Rd., Peabody, 5th Essex: Peabody.

McKenna, Arthur J. (D), 652 Chestnut St., Springfield, 12th Hampden: Springfield.

Peck, Raymond S. (D), 25 Summit Ave., Dartmouth, 5th Bristol: Dartmouth,

Ruane, J. Michael (D), 19 Nursery St., Salem, 9th Essex: Salem, Swampscott. Scibelli, Anthony M. (D), 200 Maple St., Hampden: Springfield, 15th Springfield.

Shea, Philip L. (D), 130 West View Rd., Lowell, 45th Middlesex: Lowell,

Chelmsford. Jordan, Raymond A. (D), 51 Goldenrod Rd., Springfield, 13th Hampden: Springfield.

The following editorial is reprinted by permission of the Worcester Telegram and

Last year, Garland Junior College in Boston folded its doors for good. Grahm Junior College seems about to follow suit. Leicester Junior College has avoided bankruptcy and collapse only by merging with Becker Junior College at the last

These are prime examples of the deadly squeeze put upon the independent colleges and universities of Massachusetts by the tax-supported universities, state colleges and community colleges.

And once again the question is raised about how far the state should be allowed to go in pushing private higher education to the wall. Grahm, Garland and Leicester are early warning signals.

Massachusetts is unique among the states in respect to higher education. It has more than 60 private universities, colleges and junior colleges, some of them world renowned. One-tenth of the more than one million high school seniors in the country who tried to get into private colleges last year applied to private colleges in this state. The independent colleges and universities currently enroll 218,000 students, 95,000 from Massachusetts.

Private higher education in this state is a \$1.5 billion industry. That is roughly the amount taken in and spent every year at virtually no cost to the taxpayer. The private colleges and universities employ thousands of people of all sorts, and provide hundreds of millions of dollars in ancillary benefits to their communities.

Yet, for all their prestige, tradition and excellence, the private colleges, with tuition costs ranging up to more than \$3,500 per student, cannot compete with the University of Massachusetts, where tuition is less than \$500; or with the state and community colleges, where costs are even

No one in his right mind wants to eliminate the tax-supported colleges and They provide college education to thousands who could not get it otherwise. Of the 165,000 students enrolled in the tax-supported system, more than 130,000 come from Massachusetts

But a strong case can be made that the tax-supported college system has been overbuilt. More than \$600 million has been spent in the past 10 years in constructing school plants at the three state universities, 10 state colleges and 15 community

And a case can be made that the commonwealth should channel some of its tax money to the independent colleges and universities to keep them from being pushed over the edge, thereby saddling the state with future increased costs of higher education.

A bill to do that has been filed in the legislature by the Association of Independent Colleges and Universities in Massachusetts (Al-CUM). The concept is simple. It would provide matching state grants to private colleges for financial aid those colleges give to Massachusetts students.

That is, if Clark University, say, provides \$600,000 a year in scholarships to Massachusetts students, the state would give Clark another \$600,000. Half of it would be given directly to the student, the other half would go into the general college

It is easy to think of objections to this plan. We have never been enthusiastic about channeling public funds to private institutions of any sort.

But, given the unequal race that the independent colleges are in, there is much to be said for a program to help redress the balance, provided the government funds do not impose harmful restructions.

The program, which would be phased in gradually beginning with the freshman class next year, would cost about \$4 million initially, and about \$18 million when fully applied.

By way of comparison, direct state expenditures for administering its system of tax-supported higher education is about \$240 million a year. That sum does not include capital expenditures nor pension obligations.

There is no easy answer to the dilemma. There is no answer that will satisfy everyone. Dollars diverted to the independent colleges will not be available for the state supported colleges.

But those dollars may well reap enormous cost benefits for state taxpayers if they help stabilize the precarious financial situation facing so many private colleges.

Somehow, the state must get its priorities for higher education in order. It would be the utmost folly to blindly pursue a policy that would gravely weaken the finest independent system of higher education in the country, if not the world, just as it would be folly to sacrifice the state colleges to save the independents.

We need both. Sensible planning is in order. Our children deserve the right to a

House Bill 4414, among other things, should help preserve that choice.

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Long wait, second rate

Chariot races on Quad

Photo by Mark He

Melanie, Orleans - slow show

by Rory O'Connor

It was a long wait for most of the crowd who came to see Melanie and Orleans last Saturday, and it was partially worth the wait — and partially not.

Roger Saloom, a local folk singer best known for his almost-hit "Gotta Get Out of Worcester", was the opening act. Despite his being ushered in and out quickly, he provided twenty minutes of music to calm the audience and prepare them for Melania.

Melanie arrived on the scene about ten minutes before she got onstage, which threw most of the JP committee into a fit, but she showed good control of the audience despite the forty-five minute break between Saloom's set and hers. She opened her set with "Beautiful People", which merited a good round of applause from the crowd. The highlight of her set was a ten-minute number entitled "Glory, Glory, Psychotherapy", sung appropriately enough to the tune of the Battle Hymn of the Republic. The mock tribute to Freud and analysts had most of the audience on its feet clapping and dancing. Melanie's screaming vocals thrilled the crowd, who demanded and bot an encore.

It was after eleven by the time Orleans made their appearance, and the yawns seemed to overpower the applause. Most of the material they performed was from albums already released, but a new number was interjected into the set from their album presently in production. It did not differ appreciably in style from the rest of their music, which seemed rather boring except for some excellent guitar work. A good number of people left before the end of the set, probably owing to the lateness of the show. Despite the lateness of her arrival, Melanie stole the show before Orleans had a chance, and she pushed it so far that their chance was worthless.

It seemed apparent all along, that the things most lacking from the evening was the Pousett-Dart Band, whose management cancelled the signed contract in order to help sagging ticket sales for the America concert at Boston's Music Hall. Orleans, while a name act, doesn't have the audience appeal in this area the Pousette-Dart does. A second-rate show, at best, but it wasn't the fault of the JP committee, who should be congratulated for a valiant effort that failed.



Orleans

Photo by Ann-Marie Robins



Melanie

Photo by Ann-Marie Robinson

Social Committee amendments - May 12

The following amendment replaces Article VII, Section 1, 2, and 3 of the Student Government Constitution originally passed on 9-24-74.

Article VIII - The Social Committee Section I

Membership

A. This committee shall consist of a Chairman—Co-Chairman, the Junior Prom Committee Chairman—Co-Chairman and the Chairmen of the following committees: Fine Arts Committee, Film Committee, Pub Entertainment Committee, and Coffee House Committee.

Section II:

A. The Chairman – Co-Chairman shall be a full-time sophomore or junior at the time

of his—her appointment and in academic residence three out of four terms of his—her term of office (excluding term E).

Section III:

Method of Nomination and Election

A. Two weeks after the beginning of
Term B, any qualified sophomore or junior
who wishes to be considered as a candidate for the office of Social Chairman—
Co-Chairman shall submit to the Executive
Council of the Student Government a
petition signed by at least 50 full-time WPI
undergraduate students.

B. All candidates must have served actively at least one full year on the Social Committee, Pub Entertainment Committee, or Coffee House Committee.

C. One week following the receipt of petitions all candidates must present to the Executive Council a description of his—her participation in Social Committee activities. Specific responsibilities and duties should be described and at least two Social Committee members must speak on his—her behalf.

D. Each candidate may also bring two students from the student body to speak on his—her behalf at this Executive Com-

mittee meeting.

E. The following week a meeting of the Student Government Executive Committee will be held after discussion of the candidates the Social Chairman—Co-Chairman will be elected by a two-thirds vote of the entire Executive Council.

F. If none of the candidates recent two-thirds vote from the Executive Couthe two candidates with the high number of votes shall be selected to rule the next ballot. A two-thirds vote of Executive Council shall determine Social Chairman—Co-Chairman.

The following amendment will be at to Article VIII, Section 4 of the State Government Constitution passed originary on 9-24-74.

F. For all non-concert expenditus major capital purchases that ex \$500.00, the Social Committee Chairm Co-Chairman are required to receive proval from the Executive Council of Student Government.

Robinso

In servicio publico de este periodico y del Advertising Council



David Nairne Contó con nosotros.

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Civils make sacrifice

Many misguided persons are still possessed with the misconception that a Civil Engineer, just because he attended WPI, is by some act of Providence assured of immediate employment upon graduation. Not only that, but parents generally anticipate an annual salary of at least one dollar more than their friends' son or daughter who graduated from Holy Cross is making so that they will have something to brag, I mean talk about when they call up every person that they've ever met since they were born, to chat.

This is not always the case, however, as many parents who have since exiled themselves from the country and are living under assumed names in Peru, can testify. But, there is really no need for all of this shame. You can cry and stomp your feet 'till the cows come home (unless you are a housewife, in which case you'd wait for the milkman to come home) but it will all be in vain. For, in spite of all the career planning efforts of the Placement Office, unemployment among Civils is governed by a force which is greater even than the Plan.

Yes, it seems that God, upon creating WPI had become angered at a certain group of students who had displeased Him.

pressures of the earth in order that their faith may be tested. And in this way these Civil Engineers became martyrs for all engineering students for all time.

I will quote Genesis 4.21-27:

and on the day before those of whom had pre-registered in March of the same year were to enter the institution of wisdom-breeding to be known as the Polytechnic Institute of Worcester (PI of W), the Lord made the hill of Boynton. And upon this hill he erected all department buildings be they Chemical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mathematics, Physics, or Ark Engineering (this was later dropped when Noah, the only instructor took off on a world cruise). And at the foot of this hill he placed the building known as Kaven, the hall of Civil Engineering.

... and upon enrollment day the students came and witnessed what the Lord had done. And those who were enthusiastic, seemingly possessed by a divine thrust to consume knowledge, quickly occupied the buildings on the hill, while those who were not so eager came late, for they had been frolicking and playing in the fields which the Lord had provided. And when they finally arrived on the hill, all the seats had been taken and the hearts of those who had waited too long became heavy. And the Lord, who had observed all of this, became angry and in His anger opened up the heavens from which poured forth a terrible rain, lasting forty minutes, and washing those misplaced students from the hill to the hall called Kaven.

Then the Lord spoke in a consoling voice. "Fear not, for education has not been denied you. You will become my chosen ones and occupy this hall known as Kaven. And you will study the interaction of the forces of nature and the shaping of civilizations in order that you may satisfactorily shelter My people, make provisions for their employment, and allow them to live in harmony with My world. And sports and games, too, will you play in conjunction with your studies in order to keep thy Lord amused, and no complaining will thou do, if you know what's good for you, even if you do not finish thy projects on time. And no complaining will thou do. too, if no jobs are available to you in this civilization which you have accomplished but you are to remain on call at all times in the event that urban renewal be desired by Me, whether it be in the shape of a civic center, housing for the elderly, or a fourlane, limited-access highway. And discouragement will never be seen upon thy faces, for you will have reaped the goods of the land and avoided the sin of material wealth, and content will be with your own lot (10,000 sq. ft., zoned for Residential-1). Are there any questions?" And there were no questions and the

Lord's deed was carried out.

So, through His divine wisdom, the Lord used these students as scapegoats ex-

Who really

The week of April 24 to April 30 is National Secretary Week. Secretaries are the intermediates that make WPI operate efficiently. Secretaries are a common fixture at most businesses and many of WPI's secretaries have worked in industry. They say working for WPI has many advantages. Secretaries, as staff members, ay use all of WPI's facilities including the library, swimming pool, gym, and all the other facilities on campus. People working in industry do not usually have these facilities to use.

The pace is slower at WPI for a secretary than in industry. They enjoy the interaction with the student. (The interaction with the students) "Keeps us young," said Marilyn Wimmergren. Sue Alto noted, "Engineers are weird."

Secretaries handle most of the paperwork that is created at WPI. They do everything from taking dictation a ... yping letters to compiling competency exam

runs the school? statistics. During the school year they work from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. and in the summer they work from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. The pace is much slower in the summer. The only organized way the secretaries have to get together is through the WPI's Business Women's Club. It was easier for the administrative secretaries to get together when they were all in Boynton Hall.

Melanie Lajoie worked for an insurance company before she was hired by WPI. She said that she was sick of doing insurance. She called the insurance business, "a negative job. Here (at WPI) it's positive. CERD is very positive." Melanie who works in the CERD office said that it is a lot of fun working for Karen Cohen. She said many aspects of her job are very interesting. But there are frequently a lot of people working out of the CERD office. Melanie said, Sumetimes I have a lot of bosses.

Dean Grogan summed up what most of the administration thinks of secretaries with the comment, "Oh, they're marvelous."

Student Government minutes

The Executive Council meeting of April 20, 1977 was called to order by President Tom Panek at 4:15 p.m. in the Saudent Affairs Office. The minutes of 4-14-7/ were read, corrected, and accepted.

Attendance: Tom Panek, President; Paul Wrabel, Secretary; John Zimmerman, Academic Committee; Cindy Bouvier, IRHC; Anthony Weiner, CCS; Bill Potter, Class of '79 Rep.; Ray Dunn, Class of '78 Rep.; Jim Lunney, Class of '77 Rep.; Eric Hertz, CHB; Maryellen Doherty, Commuter Rep.; Brian Huff, SAB; Chris Corpuz, proxy for Social Committee; Pete Gibbons, proxy for IFC; Marianne Pinigis, Independent Rep.

Absent: Mark Lewis, Class of '80 Rep. Committee Reports: SAB - There is a meeting tomorrow (4-21-77).

Class of '77 - The Senior Dinner-Dance

will be May 11, 1977.

Acd. Com. - An article will appear in Newspeak next week explaining the functions of the Academic Committee. The Executive Council will then set a date to interview prospective members.

IRHC - The Room Lottery will be held Thursday (4-21-77).

Announcements: Tom Panek stated that there will be a letter in Newspeak explaining the bill on matching funds next week.

We may hold a social affair with the Student Governments of Clark and Holy Cross.

we accept the proposed IRHC amend

Discussion centered on whether the amendment will cut the representation of the Freshmen and how it will bring better attendance to meetings.

The motion passed unanimously and will be on the May 12 ballot.

A motion was made that we accept the Social Committee Referendum as stated a was seconded.

An amendment was made that we strike the word opened from Section III Paragraph E. It was seconded. It passed

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Discussion with the amended referendum dealt with whether the requirement should be kept and the final say be left to the students by way of a vote.

The motion was passed. It will be in cluded on May 12's ballot.

New Business: A motion was made and seconded that we amend the Society Committee Referendum with an amend ment to Article VIII, Section IV, paragraph F. See Social Referendum. It passed unanimously.

The next meeting of the Executive Council will be at 6:00 p.m. Sunday, May 1977. The place will be announced law The meeting was adjourned at 5:00 pm



Don't **Fiddle Around** Weekl

Take your Secretary to lunch . **National Secretaries Week** April 24-30, 1977

> So you think you know what the jobs are all about?

> > Thursday, May 5

7 p.m.

Alin 107

Sponsored by LCA, SWE, and OGCP All underclassmen - freshmen, sophomores, and juniors - and interested faculty are invited to come and ask questions. A number of seniors, representing most of the dopartments, who have been out on ??????on what?????

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TUESDAY: 9:00 p.m. The Maiden Voyage - Two hours of contemporary jazz - smooth and 11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair - Join host Jim DeCarlo for three hours of progressist

11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair — Join host Jim DeCarlo for three hours of progressive music; featuring musicians whose birthday's fall this week.

WEDNESDAY: 9:00 p.m. Swingin' Pearls — Al Robbins brings you an hour of big band jast 10:00 p.m. Toe Tappin' Trad Trip — Dixie land jazz with Vance.

11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair — Progressive music at its best.

12:00 a.m. The Psychic Journal — Mark Lynch presents 10 minutes of eccentric thought 12:10 a.m. 'Con Sabor' — 50 minutes of contemporary Latin Jazz with host Phil Jeffris — Hot and Spicy; as it should be.

1:00 a.m. The Rocking Chair (continued)

THURSDAY: 8:00 p.m. Radio's Golden Days — Old time radio for the young at heart.

8:30 p.m. The Charlie Glodes goodtime Third Hour Plus 10 — Charlie revives radio comedy once again. . .

comedy once again 10:00 p.m. Just Plain Pickin' - Bluegrass at its finest.

11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair — Progressive rock 'till the wee hours of the morn. FRIDAY: 8:00 p.m. Softer Sounds — Laid back sounds with Paul Choulnard.

9:00 p.m. Journeys Into Jazzland — Contemporary jazz with Jon Small.

11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair — Join Mark for what could be the best in alternative.

rock... Anywherel SATURDAY: 5:00 a.m. Rock Reveille — with Paul Stevens. 9:30 p.m. The Rocking Chair — An extra one and one-half hours of progressive must with Pat 'till two.

SUNDAY: 11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair - Alan Jones and great music - a winning MONDAY: 9:00 p.m. Open Hoot — two hours of blues and traditional folk music.

11:00 p.m. The Rocking Chair — Join Dave Fox for a different aspect of progressing

FOR SALE: 1 Smith and Wesson M-19 .357 mag Revolve Almost brand new. Price \$185. Contact Box 2098

The freshmen are coming!

by Dave Thompson

While many of us slept through the morning of April 20 (project planning day), 400 prospective freshmen arrived here for heir first guided tour of the WPI campus. Essily distinguished by the yellow folders they carried, and the parents who accompanied them, the potential class of '81 members kept closely together as they inspected the Tech grounds. A few of them isked where the "rock-climbing place" was hat they had seen in the catalogue. Of course the unity climbing most of us do around here is to Daniels fourth, but I am sure there are some rocks around here somewhere.

Despite many hopeful rumors, the freshmen class next year will probably not contain a great number of females. Out of 1380 applications received only 158 have been from young women. The admissions Hice estimates that 80 to 130 women will choose to enter under negotiated admissions. However, only a total of about 600 freshmen is projected, so the male to female ratio may change significantly. Exact statistics will not be available until May 2, and will be reported by Newspeak in the May 10 issue.

According to Linda Pettit of the admissions office, "Many of the students will have been involved in a lot of project work in high school." The freshmen who I spoke to were very impressed with the project work they had seen at WPI, so it seems that next year's freshman class is a promising

The number of transfer applicants for the coming year is double that of this year. Roy Seaberg, Director of Admissions, said "This older group, mainly about 21-22 years of age, is a mix of excellent people mostly attracted by the flexibility of the progam here; the Plan itself."

There is also a group in the 24-27 year age bracket expected to arrive in September. This increase in older students, combined with the small freshmen class projected, should change the social and demographic WPI profile. However, there is no guarantee that only 600 freshmen will choose to enter, unless the admissions office has taken steps to screen out 780



Photo by Steve Kimotek

Conference students back

by Robert J. Hyland

Once again students from WPI have participated in the annual Eastern College Science Conference, and once again it was a complete success, both academically and socially. Not only did we get to meet and make new friends, but we were afforded he invaluable experience of presenting our work and receiving recognition for it. For some of us who submitted papers on our research in competition the experience was even more rewarding. Of the 18 WPI nudents attending, 12 entered their written spers, and of these four were honored; in Dategory no. 1, Inorganic Chemistry and buth Sciences, honorable mention went to George Whitwell - H. Beall, advisor; in Calagory no. 2, Organic Chemistry and dochemistry, first prize went to Catherine & Seymour, - J. W. Pavlik, advisor; in Category no. 3, Engineering, Computer kience and Mathematics, first prize went Domenic Grasso, George W. Harding, nd John J. Osowski - H. Kharajilan, Misor, and in Category no. 4, Physics, wond prize went to Stephen B. Kovner -Goloskie, advisor. The awards were ade at a banquet for which the guest

speaker was Nobel Laureate Dr. Stanford Moore of Rockefeller University. It is worth noting that of the 57 participating institutions only one received more awards than WPL

At a business meeting held on Friday afternoon, April 15, two amendments to the ECSC Constitution were proposed and voted on. WPI's amendment seeking to ensure the financial accountability of future host institutions was passed unanimously. The amendment propsed by SUNY, New Platz dealing with the creation of a special fund for needy students passed by a closer margin. Also, the five colleges wishing to host the 1978 ECSC made their bids and, after a vote, Union College in Schenectady. New York was selected.

We thank Fairleigh Dickinson University for the very professional manner in which this conference was run and the cordiality with which we were received. Also, a special thanks to all the WPI faculty who have encouraged and supported our participation in this event. And finally, to those students who have the opportunity to go next year I have only one thing to say: DON'T MISS IT!

COMMENCEMENT 1977 SATURDAY, JUNE 4 2 p.m.

REHEARSAL FOR COMMENCEMENT TUESDAY, MAY 17, 11 a.m. HARRINGTON

(Pub Open at Noon — Special Senior Day)

Pick up cap & gown in bookstore. Available as of May 2. BS -\$7.50.

Pay diploma fee at accounting office by Wed., May 25 - BS

Be sure all obligations to the institute are paid. Diplomas can pe pulled and you could be not allowed to march otherwise.

Seniors must notify Registrar's Office if they are not planning to attend graduation.

Tickets are not required for admission to graduation.

Graduation invitations are available but not necessary for admission.

Invitations may be picked up in the office of Graduate and Career Plans (Washburn-3rd floor) as of May 2. Each senior is allotted 6 free invitations — each additional group of 6 is \$1.00.

Graduate students may purchase six invitations for \$1.00 or additional invitations in lots of six.

Please be prompt for graduation rehearsal.

Line up at 1:00 p.m. in front of Boynton Hall — Saturday, June 4th. In case of rain — line up in Alumni Gym — Basketball Court

Pub open after graduation for a while depending on business.

If you have any further questions, contact William F. Trask, OGCP, Washburn-3rd floor.

TO: ALL STUDENTS

RE: INCOMING MAIL DURING THE SUMMER VACATION

In order for you to continue to receive your mail during the summer vacation, it will be necessary for you to fill out the POST OFFICE CHANGE OF ADDRESS CARD NO. 3575 or 3576.

This card will be available at the Central Mail Facility Office, located in Daniels Hall. Miss Hester or any of the mail room personnel will be glad to assist you. Please make sure that you fill the card accurately and clearly.

The Worcester Post Office does not recommend forwarding magazines, or advertising material since most of these are not first class mail and therefore, the return postage can be costly to you.

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SPORTS

Crew wins three vs Harvard

The crew team raced last Saturday, against Harvard, for the Davenport Cup. Harvard got the cup, but Tech's light eight, third eight, and woman's four won their races. Not too thrilling you say? You should have been there.

The music that spills from my roommate's clock-radio slowly stirs me into consciousness. I raise myself up onto my elbow and struggle to focus the numerals on the clock. 7:45 a.m. Why would someone be getting up 7:45 Saturday morning J.P. weekend? My roommate, Skip Merrell, rows in the light eight boat. He dresses quickly but carefully and heads downstairs for breakfast. I follow a few minutes later and after an English muffin and a Pepsi Skip and I are headed up to Alumni.

The steps of Alumni are already crowded with rowers. Skip exchanges a few short greetings and blends in with the other members of the team. I stand under my umbrella and listen to the rower's quiet, nervous talk. They stand in the rain, seeming not to mind the wait.

The ride to the boat house is slightly fast with an occasional joke. Once there, the team goes to work, automatically unloading boats, filing oar handles. After much waiting the team's coach, David Ploss, calls out, "Third eight, get on the water."

I get in the car of another spectator and we drive over to Regatta Point, which is where the race will finish.

Once at Regatta Point I wait for an hour. Impatient, I ask around to find out what has happened. The Manhattan College boat and the Harvard boat ran into each other. Manhattan broke an oar and the chase boat had to go back to the boat house to get a new oar. The race finally started, after the boats had been on the water for an hour. Tech won the two thousand meter race (time — 6:52) by a length and a half and looked very, very good. Harvard, Manhatten College, and Assumption followed in that order.

After the men's four race, which they placed fourth behind two Worcester State and a Manhatten College boat, there was another very long wait. The chase boat had broken down and was left at the I-290 bridge, which is where the races start. There was good drizzle falling from the low, grey sky. The cold dampness that was in the air slowly seeped into my body, eventually reaching my bones, leaving me stiff and thoroughly chilled.

There was a rush of people from the shelter of the boathouse towards the dock. The light eights had come into sight. The Tech boat was pulling easy as they crossed

the finish line. They had beaten Harvard by open water.

By the time the women's four crossed the finish line the rain had soaked through my jacket. The women had assily beaten Clark by 10 lengths. There pace had been so easy that after 20 strokes Chip Saccoccio, their cox, had time to tell them a joke

After the womens race there was another wait. Then the heavy eight boat was coming in. I went down to the dock to see what had happened. Wally Catanach, the stroke (the stroke sits closest to the coxswain), had broken his oar. A new one had to be borrowed from St. Johns High School. George Wespi, who ended up with the new oar, was worried about the too smooth handle. "If the handle gets slipery," Coach Ploss told George, "ease up, or you'll catch a crab. The crabs will kill you." They were pushed out into the lake and they headed for the start.

Someone spotted the boats coming down the lake. They were moving very slowly. One of the rowers in the Harvard boat had broken his rigger, the part that holds the oar. The two boats had been racing for 500 meters when it happened. Legally Tech would have won the race. A race can only be run over if equipment breakage occurs within the first 100 meters. But that would have been a cheap vicotry. Also, the cup and "shirts" were at stack. (Sometimes the oarsmen will bet "shirts". The losing team has to give one of their racing shirts to each member of the winning team.)

The boats were pushed back out on the lake again. There was another wait and the boats could be seen, small and far away. "Are they ahead?" someone asked. "I can't tell," answered a man with binoculars. I watched, toes hanging over the edge of the dock and neck stretched out over the water, the two boats slowly grow in size. Then I could hear the coxes shouting out the count, hen the two boats were even with the dock. Tech was behind but appeared to be moving up.

The time for the varsity race was 6:32. Tech came in two seconds later. Coach Ploss was dissappointed with the loss, but said he was glad the race was rowed over.

This Thursday the crew team rows in the City Championships. Details will be posted on a large banner in Daniels. The team will also be in a rowathon this Saturday at Lake Quinsigamond. If you would like to pledge money send a card with your name, address, and how much per mile you would like to pledge to box 1259. Whether you pledge or not, be sure to go see the team row, and row, and row.

Photo by Barry Aronson



On the girls side

by J. Gordon Gregory

The really good weather is finally here, as evidenced by the quantity of Frisbees, flesh, and water balloons. So last Thursday afternoon I decided to forget homework and spend the rest of the day outside. I walked down to the baseball field and was just in time to catch the start of the game against Bates. The game went smoothly for the first inning and a half; so smoothly, in fact, that I looked around to see what else was happening. I noticed the girls warming up for a softball game at the end of the soccer field, and decided to go have a look.

The change from the baseball field to the softball "Field" is immense. In fact, the whole feeling that one gets from the game is different. The girls don't play on a field that is manicured by the ground crew. I doubt if the surface has anything done to it at all with the exception of the marking of foul lines and batters' boxes. The same field is used for soccer, lacrosse, girls softball, practice for some field events, intramurals, and anything in general. Consequently, the field shows it.

After taking a position next to the WPI bench about ten feet from third base, I determined that our foes were representing the American International College of Springfield, or AIC for short. The reason that I was so close to third base was that you can't get any further away without going on the other side of the fence. There is a closeness to the game that you just can't get when watching the men play. At the same time, the men's game can be followed because the scoreboard can be seen clearly. Anyway, apparently AIC has a lot of money because their team was outfitted with everything including caps, tops, pants, socks, and even warm-up jackets. Tech, on the other hand, has almost that: shirts. Maybe we should be happy that we have that much.

AIC was up first after a ridiculous psyching chant that caused a flurry of giggles from the Tech bench. The top of the first went by without AIC scoring and with the WPI girls looking good. In the bottom half Tech looked even stronger scoring two runs by both their own initiative and AIC's pitching. Things went well for the next few innings, with WPI

picking up two more runs while maintaining the shutout. Good performances were put in by sophomore shortstops Diane Cume and junior left-fielder Mary Donovan. The sky started to cloud up in the fifth inning when AIC got three runs before final being put out. WPI came back in the bottom of the inning with a run to make the score five-to-three, but the game wasnover yet. Both teams kept each other scoreless in the sixth, but in the seven AIC scored four big runs. Tech, with the bottom of its batting order up, could to score the needed runs and went down to defeat, 7-5.

Even with the loss, it was a good game is too bad that the teams which use the field have to put up with its problems in intance, the chain link fence at the non end of the field has pulled away from supports at the bottom. The ends of sa chain-link are really sharp and could en rip into someone's leg. Mary Donovar catch of a pop foul in the game proved how real this danger is. As she collided we the fence, the chain-link hooked into he sock; the impact made her bounce off a fence and she then did kind of a gracely half-twist as she fell to the ground he ankle still held by the fence. Luckily, May wasn't hurt and she made the catch.

It wouldn't take someone a half hour a wire the fence to its support poles. The same person could paint home plate so the players could see where it is. Coach Sur Chapman has to get a spray can and sometic herself before and during the game. An although it will take a little longe something must be done about the based and the wood beneath them. AIC's coac complained about the exposed nails amplayers on both teams suffered abrasions of the knee when sliding into third base.

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It wouldn't take much to make the improvements, just a little time and effor. Even with the second-rate playing felt. Thursdays game was fun to watch. The audience was a fraction of what the mentigame had, but hopefully that will improve the girls record is now 1-2 with the next home game on Wednesday, April 27. Compout and watch the game, but watch out to water balloons coming out of the end of Morgan!

Baseball team drops pair

by SAFA

Hey alright, the baseball team is a strong 1-5. Did I tell everyone we were going to be good this year or what? The story is simple. Every game WPI strikes out in double figures and leaves men on base in double figures. You don't win by doing that.

Let's see; Tuesday the team lost to AIC in Springfield. AIC is a very good team and was coming off a win over U. Mass. WPI was never out of the game and had bases loaded in the eighth with the score 2-0 AIC. But no runs came across and the final scores was 4-0. When four sacrifice bunts are unsuccessful and four errors are committed you are going to have trouble beating the girls softball team. Paul Josephson pitched well again but you can't win without runs. Mike Walker finished up for Paul when his arm tightened up and looked well.

Thursday WPI lost 3-1 to Bates. Bates another good team was five games over 500 and brought half their school down for

the game. Young Dave Busch pitched we giving up three runs and going a distance. Again no defensional support strikeouts, and 15 men left on base was cause. A bright spot was Scott Farel at Dan Durbach getting 2 hits apiece.

WPI has only been out of one gamel far, that being the romp at Lowell. On than that WPI has been close in every of The games could have easily swung WPI's favor with a little luck.

Well Weslayan is here on Tuesday. Assumption on Thursday, possibly Not eastern on Friday, and a doublehead against Coast Guard Saturday. So all homestand is needed, let's see WPI get the winning track.

A solution to the problem of castrikes is going to be tried. In the upcome week anyone that looks at a third strike have his name put in the next week's purfor striking out. For example, (let's just a name out of a hat), "Last week Durback took 4 called third strikes, Geofferron took 2 called third strikes, etc."

The Society of Fire Protection Engineers will present:

Mr. Bill Hobbs on Tuesday, May 3, at 7:00 p.m. in Higgins 101.

Mr. Hobbs' topic will be:

"Fire Investigation"

All are invited to attend.

Mike Murphy-marathon man

W.P.I. has an outstanding athlete. To look at him you wouldn't know it, however, He stands about 5'8" and weighs only 122 bs. A few have probably seen him and scratched their heads as a lone figure strode silently through new fallen snow. Still others may feel perplexed to see the same man running when they return from work as they did when they left in the morning. The man is Mike Murphy. And running is a major part of his life. The softspoken W.P.I. sophomore says, "I guess I enjoy it, but it's something I just do. . . . like a job." Run he does and will continue to do. Mike runs every day of the year and will do so for a number of years to come. The Marathon is now his penchant which one can easily see. Murphy did extremely well in Marathons this year...all two of them in which he was entered. There was this event un Patriot's Day, uhh, the Boston Marathon I think it's called. Something like 3,000 official entries, 5,000 or so runners, heartbreak hill! Heard of it? Mike finished 36th this year. His time of 2:26:22 was only 12 minutes behind the winner, Jerome Drayton, and a few minutes ahead of many top class marathon runners, including Bill Rodgers who dropped out. Mike also finished ahead of two other W.P.I. runners, who did creditable jobs. John Osowski and Peter Kane, both seniors, finished 244th and 247th, respectively. They finished, which is no mean feat at all. But 36th on his second marathon ever. Whew! The first marathon Mike completed was another 26mile trek through the Connecticut area. Murphy, a Cromwell, Connecticut native competed in the Connecticut Marathon in order to qualify for the Boston Marathon. Qualify he did by placing 3rd in the race. "I really didn't push myself that hard in Connecticut; it was a nice pace," Mike reflected as he examined the blisters on his feet which would force the Sunday jogger to take a week off. The Boston Marathon was a bit different. Mike more than pushed himself.

Perhaps a few words of what the marathon is like to a 19-year old would be in order. The day before the race you would think a runner would get a break. No way. "I had to keep limbered up so I ran the day before the race" Mike said, flashing his most pleasant smile, "and then it was spaghetti for supper the night before." The morning meal was pancakes, bland with carbohydrates for reserves of energy. A friend drove Murphy to the starting point in Hopkinton. His family was present. He picked up his number - 2966. Unseeded and unnoticed, he would start in the back of the pack. Then his mind went through what would happen to him for the next few hours. The mental strain had begun. The race was to start and the runners lined up. 'The top 50 or so form last year's race line up in front," recalled Mike, "then it's kind of a battle in back. Everyone is pushing and elbowing, trying not to have their shoes stepped on." After the starting gun sounded it was a full minute before the W.P.I. math major reached the starting line. "A number of runners try to start fast and set a quick pace, but I just wanted to stay smooth." This evidently worked well for Murphy. "It does a lot for your spirits if you can continuously be passing people rather than slowing down at the end as everyone passes you." Clearly the spectator support in the Boston Marathon aided Murphy's mental stamina. "The poeple were great all the way." For the whole race there was a continuous line of spectators, many of whom offered oranges, water, or Mike's favorite, ice cubes. "I'd take them and put them on my body, head and face" tactic which might have caused him problems later. The last time Mike saw his family and friends was while passing through Wellesley, 15 miles into the race. From there spectators must go to the finish line if they want to see the end of the race. Thus, for the last stretch of the race he would be more on his own than ever. While running Murphy witnessed other runners getting cramps, succumbing to the

a while ones feet just keep going, and the head is what one must battle with. Quitting never was one of the things that came into Mike's head. "I never felt like I wanted to give up. My legs felt good; I never even thought of it." But as the last 3 miles of the race approached it seemed that "Murph's" body might betray him. Perhaps it was the ice cubes, or the heat itself, but soon this, your marathon man, looked possessed, spaced out - or both. His head began to bob around, just looking up at the sky most of time as he swerved from one side of the crowd to the other. "It was frightening, like running in a tunnel. I just tried to stay on the crowd line for direction, but I ended up zig-zagging back and forth." Still, Mike's legs kept moving to the finish line...just barely. After Mike took exactly one step over the line he collapsed into the arms of two officials who laid him on a stretcher. They gave him oxygen for 10 minutes ("I kept trying to knock the mask off because it was making me sick") and then wheeled him into the basement of the Prudential building to recover. People lined the path in and around the Prudential, congratulating all the runners, whether they were still running (amazing) or were in Mike's condition. "I think I was worse off than others I saw," reflected Mike. Still the body fought him. Chills, cold sweat, and cramps stayed with him for quite a while, though now he could think about his superlative effort. "I'd have to say I'm pleased." But despite being pleased there are still some modest goal to be met. Perhaps by the nature of his sport Mike is a patient man. He has the attitude that he should take everything as it comes. Running for a half hour and knowing two more hours remain develops patience. He would like to run a sub-2:20 marathon; he'd like to go to the NCAA nationals this year in the 10,000 meter run - about 6 miles. But right now he isn't doing any "quality" work - speed work in track vernacular. He must qualify for the nationals, however, and since the W.P.I. track team, of which he is a member, doesn't run the event, he must do it elsewhere. Mike has set his sights on other things, like the Boston Marathon, so this goal should be accomplished. Training for the marathon has been a 3 year ordeal for

heat, and quitting. But Mike bore on. After

introduced him to a vintage marathoner from the same neck of the woods - John Vitale. John went to the Olympic trials in 1976, but just missed out on making the Olympics. His coaching proved to be more than adequate as the student (Murphy) finished well before the teacher. Vitale came in 45th in the Boston Marathon, quite respectable to be sure.

The workout for the past three years has been vigorous. Mike runs from 160-190 miles per week when a race is not pending. A month or so before a big race he steps his workout down to 120 miles per week. Still it is an everyday affair, usually twice a day. One workout will be short, another long. Workouts must be sandwiched between classes and homework which bury all math majors. Rain, sleet, snow, winds, dogs, and Worcester drivers must all be put up with to get in the workout...every day. Mike seems to take it all for granted and will be dedicated to this type of schedule for years

Aside from the running, the food he consumes would turn many off in this plastic age. "I try to stay away from the junk foods" says Mike, which is evidenced by his trim frame, bright smile, and glowing face. He eats a lot of fruit and vegetables and other things that most of us know are good for our systems. But he doesn't miss the other junk. "Eating these things make your body feel cleaner, running and otherwise".

If you push him, Mike will go so far as to tell you his goals for the next few years. He would like to graduate, naturally enough, then get a job in a business related field. But running and working are not always compatable. Marathon runners now must scrape for everything they get. Even guys of Frank Shorter's caliber must try to get by without any funds coming in other than some expenses covered by a sponsor.

All this though is in the future for Mike Murphy. The day after the marathon he ran 6 miles. Today will be more running, and tomorrow also. It won't stop for awhile. Next year in the Boston marathon Mike Will wear the number 36, and will be with the top runners. But before that there will be the daily jaunts, competition with the WPI track team, and races this summer in Connecticut. And each time he starts his run he'll take each step as he's always done....one at a time.

Tennis, anyone?

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Due to all sort of confusion, there hasn't been any news on the tennis team in here yet, so I will try to sum up the last three weeks. So far, the Engineers have dropped matches to Bentley, Holy Cross, Babson, Assumption, and Clark without even coming close to a victory. Ken Steinhardt gets co-hi-gag honors with Brian Hallett and Bob Desourdis as the three all lost close three set contests in each of the first two matches. Captain Paul Carralho is just now starting to get his game together, after a very close match against Clark. Al Masse has come up with big wins against Bentley

and Assumption, in losing causes however. Freshman Peter Sharpe and Senior Bob Desourdis have each contributed victories here and there also.

The second half of the season brings easier matches, however, with the exception of Brandeis on May 7. Look for WPI to come up with some quick victories against RPI, Nichols, AIC, and Lowell. The doubles teams of Steinhardt - Carralho, Hallett - Masse, and Desourdis - Larry Loel should bring in needed points if the matches ever come down to doubles, in future matches. Dan Durbak will not bring in any points because he does not play

The WPI Scuba Club will hold annual elections Thursday, April 28 at 7:30 p.m. in Olin 107.

All dues paid mem-The annual club diveparty will also be planned. Please attend!!

VARSITY SPORTS BANQUET MAY 17 **MORGAN HALL**

Secondaries will talk about the kinds of jobs that are available to WPI graduates, such as Process Engineering, Quality Control, Management training, R&D, etc.

SPREE DAY

IS

COMING!!!

PAPERBACK **BOOK SALE:**

All Mass market paperbacks in stock discounted at 15 per cent. Schaum's outline series at 10 per cent. April 25 through May 2. Text and course books excluded.

WPI BOOKSTORE

The WPI Science Fiction Society presents

John Morressy

John Morressey is a noted science fiction author who will speak in the Library Seminar Room after the regular business meeting of WPISFS. The meeting will start at 7:30 p.m., Thursday, April 28, in the Library Seminar room.

The public is invited.

the W.P.I. runner. His running (since being

a freshman at Cromwell High School)

Telephone operators for the Campus Switchboard needed for summer.

> Contact Ken Barnes, Plant Services Washburn 229

What's Happening?

Monday, April 25

(thru Friday) WPIC-TV sponsored by the Social Committee, "Murder in America" showings at 10 a.m., 1 p.m., 3:30 p.m., 7 p.m. — also — "NFL Football Follies II."

Tuesday, April 26

Cinematech (Reality and Illusion) — "Le Petit Theatre de Jean Renoir," Kinnicutt Hall, 7:30 p.m.

Baseball vs. Wesleyan (H), 3:30 p.m.

Golf vs. U. of Lowell (A), 1 p.m.

Wednesday, April 27

Lens and Lights Back to the Movies Night — "The Birds" by Alfred Hitchcock, Kinnicutt Hall, 7 and 9 p.m. FREE.

Track vs. Tufts (H), 3 p.m.

Lacrosse vs. Dean Jr. College (H), 3 p.m.

Thursday, April 28

Tennis vs. Nichols (A), 2 p.m.
Baseball vs. Assumption (H), 3:30 p.m.
Men's Crew, Worcester City Championships at Lake Quinsigamond.

Friday, April 29

TGIF

Saturday, April 30

Flea Market sponsored by WPI Women's Club, Alden 10-4. SAE Car Rallye, Quadrangle starting line from 9 a.m. Baseball vs. Coast Guard (H), 1 p.m. (doubleheader) JV Tennis (H), 2 p.m.
Men's Glee Club Concert, Regis College, 4 p.m.

Sunday, May 1

Lens and Lights movie — "Sex Madness", Alden, 7 and 9 p.m., \$1.00.

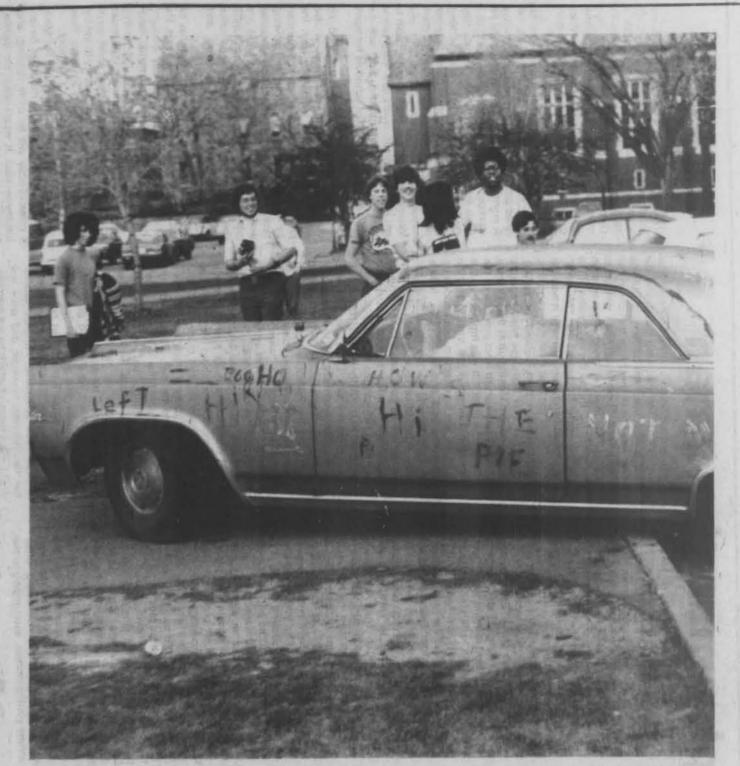


Photo by Mark Hecker

Menspeak

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