No. 54.


Price 3d.

## THE SECOND VOLUME OF <br> MASTER HUMPHREY'S CLOCK,

## Handsomely bound in cloth, with edges marbled, price 8s.,

 WILL BE PUBLISHED ON THE 15 th INSTANT.Subscribers can have their copies bound after the 15 th instant, by the Publishers, or through their Booksellers, for $2 s$. The cloth cases will be ready for sale to the Trade at the same time.
res The public are respectfully reminded that the two first volumes of this work, now completed, contain, among other matter, the whole of the "Old Curiosity Shop," which alone is equal in quantity to three octavo volumes of the usual size.

LONDON : CHAPMAN AND HALL, 186, STRAND. Orders reccived by all Booksellers.
HOLIDAY AMUSEMENT.
Just published, price 4s. each,
PHYSIOGNOSCOPOGRAPHY.
No. I.

## THE ANATOMY OF GRIMACE.

SHOWING 288 CHANGES OF FACES AND COSTUMES. BEAUTIFULLY COLOURED.

## No. II.

## the anatomy of the stage.

SHOWING 288 CHANGES OF THEATRICAL CHARACTERS, BEAUTIFULLY COLOURED.

- A graphic and amusing toy, which, as laughter is the particular pabulum of Christmas, is, we suppose, intended for that season, but which may just as legitimately provoke merriment at any other season of the year. it consists of a decorated card, with loopholes for the reception of 'heads to grit.', and at the back are two revolving cards, one presenting a series of faces, another of headcostumes, and both, in the course of their crolution, producing no less than 298 aspects of the human countenance in every variety
of grotesque expression. The toy moves in a circle of continuous merriment, and we can recommend it as an amusing passe-temps of grotesque expression. The toy
for the moment."-Morning Post.


## WRITTEN CARICATURES.

From Hints in the Paris Charivari, With numerous Illustrations. By JOHN LEECH. LONDON : CHAPMAN AND HALL, 186, STRAND.

## REFORM YOUR TAILOR'S BILLS!!!

GENTLEMENS
Superfine Dress Coat

Extra Saxony, the best that is made | $t 2$ | 7 |
| ---: | :--- |
| 7 | 6 |

superfine Frock Coat, silk facings 2100
Buckskin Troukers.
Bloth or double-mlled Cassimeredo.
1 Buthskin


Cloth Opera Cloak

Cloth Opera Cloak - \&1 100 army Cloth Blue Spanish Cloak, $9 \downarrow$ | yards round |
| :--- |
| Super Cloth ditto . . . . $\quad$. | Cloth or Tweed Fishing or Traveliing ${ }^{3} 30$ Cloth or Tweed Fishing or Travelling

Trousers
0


## Chapter the fifteenth.

At noon next day, John Willet's guest sat lingering over his breakfast in his own home, surrounded by a variety of comforts, which left the Maypole's highest flight and utmost stretch of accommodation at an infinite distance behind, and suggested comparisons very much to the disadvantage and disfavour of that venerable tavern.

In the broad old-fashioned window-seat-as capacious as many modern sofas, and cushioned to serve the purpose of a luxurious settee-in the broad oldfashioned window-seat of a roomy chamber, Mr. Chester lounged, very much at his ease, over a well-furnished breakfast-table. He had exchanged his riding-coat for a handsome morning-gown, his boots for slippers ; had been at great pains to atone for the having been obliged to make his toilet when he rose without the aid of dressing-case and tiring equipage; and, having gradually forgotten through these means the discomforts of an indifferent night and an early ride, was in a state of perfect complacency, indolence, and satisfaction.

The situation in which he found himself, indeed, was particularly favourable to the growth of these feelings; for, not to mention the lazy influence of a late and lonely breakfast, with the additional sedative of a newspaper, there was an air of repose about his place of residence peculiar to itself, and which hangs about it, even in these times, when it is more bustling and busy than it was in days of yore.
There are, still, worse places than the Temple, on a sultry day, for basking in the sun, or resting idly in the shade. There is yet a drowsiness in its courts, and a dreamy dulness in its trees and gardens; those who pace its lanes and squares may yet hear the echoes of their footsteps on the sounding stones, and read upon its gates, in passing from the tumult of the Strand or Fleet Street, 'Who enters here leaves noise behind.' There is still the plash of falling water in fair Fountain Court, and there are yet nooks and corners where dunhaunted students may look down from their dusty garrets, on a vagrant ray of sunlight patching the shade of the tall houses, and seldom troubled to reflect a passing stranger's form. There is yet, in the Temple, something of a clerkly monkish atmosphere, which public offices of law have not disturbed, and even legal firms have failed to scare away. In summer time, its pumps suggest to thirsty idlers, springs cooler, and more sparkling, and deeper than other wells; and as they trace the spillings of full pitchers on the heated ground, they snuff the freshness, and, sighing, cast sad looks towards the Thames, and think of baths and boats, and saunter on, despondent.
It was in a room in Paper Buildings-a row of goodly tenements, shaded in front by ancient trees, and looking, at the back, upon the Temple Gardens that this, our idler, lounged; now taking up again the paper he had laid down a hundred times; now trifling with the fragments of his meal; now pulling forth his golden toothpick, and glancing leisurely about the room, or out at
voL. III. -54 .
window into the trim garden walks, where a few early loiterers were already pacing to and fro. Here a pair of lovers met to quarrel and make up; there a dark-eyed nursery-maid had better eyes for Templars than her charge; on this hand an ancient spinster, with her lapdog in a string, regarded both enormities with scornful sidelong looks; on that a weazen old gentleman, ogling the nursery-maid, looked with like scorn upon the spinster, and wondered she didn't know she was no longer young. Apart from all these, on the river's margin, two or three couple of business-talkers walked slowly up and down in earnest conversation; and one young man sat thoughtfully on a bench, alone.
"Ned is amazingly patient!" said Mr. Chester, glancing at this last-named

person as he set down his teacup and plied the golden toothpick, "immensely patient! He was sitting yonder when I began to dress, and has scarcely changed his posture since. A most eccentric dog!"

As he spoke, the figure rose, and came towards him with a rapid pace.
"Really, as if he had heard me," said the father, resuming his newspaper with a yawn. "Dear Ned!"

Presently the room-door opened, and the young man entered; to whom his father gently waved his hand, and smiled.
"Are you at leisure for a little conversation, sir?" said Edward.
"Surely, Ned. I am always at leisure. You know my constitution.-Have you breakfasted ?"
"Three hours ago."
"What a very early dog!" cried his father, contemplating him from behind the toothpick, with a languid smile.
" The truth is," said Edward, bringing a chair forward, and seating himself near the table, " that I slept but ill last night, and was glad to rise. The cause of my uneasiness cannot but be known to you, sir ; and it is upon that, I wish to speak."
"My dear boy," returned his father, " confide in me, I beg. But you know my constitution-don't be prosy, Ned."
"I will be plain, and brief," said Edward.
"Don't say you will, my good fellow," returned his father, crossing his legs, "or you certainly will not. You are going to tell me-"
"Plainly this, then," said the son, with an air of great concern, " that I know where you were last night-from being on the spot, indeed-and whom you saw, and what your purpose was."
"You don't say so !" cried his father. "I am delighted to hear it. It saves us the worry, and terrible wear and tear of a long explanation, and is a great relief for both. At the very house! Why didn't you come up? I should have been charmed to see you."
" I knew that what I had to say would be better said after a night's reflection, when both of us were cool," returned the son.
"'Fore Gad, Ned," rejoined the father, "I was cool enough last night. That detestable Maypole! By some infernal contrivance of the builder, it holds the wind, and keeps it fresh. You remember the sharp east wind that blew so hard five weeks ago? I give you my honour it was rampant in that old house last night, though out of doors there was a dead dalm. But you were saying-"
"I was about to say, Heaven knows how seriously and earnestly, that you have made me wretched, sir. Will you hear me gravely for a moment?"
"My dear Ned," said his father, "I will hear you with the patience of an anchorite. Oblige me with the milk."
"I saw Miss Haredale last night," Edward resumed, when he had complied with this request; "her uncle, in her presence, immediately after your interview, and, as of course I know, in consequence of it, forbade me the house, and, with circumstances of indignity which are of your creation I am sure, commanded me to leave it on the instant."
"For his manner of doing so, I give you my honour, Ned, I am not accountable," said his father. "That you must excuse. He is a mere boor, a $\log$, a brute, with no address in life.-Positively a fly in the jug. The first I have seen this year."
"dward rose, and paced the room. His imperturbable parent sipped his tea, ' "Father," said the young man, stopping at length before him, "we must not trifle in this matter. We must not deceive each other, or ourselves. Let me pursue the manly open part I wish to take, and do not repel me by this unkind indifference."
"Whether I am indifferent or no," returned the other, "I leave you, my dear boy, to judge. A ride of twenty-five or thirty miles, through miry roads -a Maypole dinner-a tête-à-tête with Haredale, which, vanity apart, was
quite a Valentine and Orson business - $a$ Maypole bed - $a$ Maypole landlord, and a Maypole retinue of idiots and centaurs ;-whether the voluntary endurance of these things looks like indifference, dear Ned, or like the excessive anxiety, and devotion, and all that sort of thing, of a parent, you shall determine for yourself."
" I wish you to consider, sir," said Edward, "in what a cruel situation I am placed. Loving Miss Haredale as I do-"
" My dear fellow," interrupted his father with a compassionate smile, " you do nothing of the kind. You don't know anything about it. There's no such thing, I assure you. Now, do take my word for it. You have good sense, Ned,-great good sense. I wonder you should be guilty of such amazing absurdities. You really surprise me."
"I repeat," said his son firmly, " that I love her. You have interposed to part us, and have, to the extent I have just now told you of, succeeded. May I induce you, sir, in time, to think more favourably of our attachment, or is it your intention and your fixed design to hold us asunder if you can?"
" My dear Ned," returned his father, taking a pinch of snuff and pushing his box towards him, "that is my purpose most undoubtedly."
" The time that has elapsed," rejoined his son, "since I began to know her worth, has flown in such a dream that until now I have hardly once paused to reflect upon my true position. What is it? From my childhood I have been accustomed to luxury and idleness, and have been bred as though my fortune twere large, and tny expectations almost without a limit. The idea of wealth has been familiarised to me from my cradle. I have been taught to look upon those means, by which men raise themselves to riches and distinction, as being beyond my heeding, and beneath my care. I have been, as the phrase is, liberally educated, and am fit for nothing. I find myself at last wholly dependent upon you, with no resource but in your favour. In this momentous question of my life we do not, and it would seem we never can, agree. I have shrunk instinctively alike from those to whom you have urged me to pay court, and from the motives of interest and gain which have rendered them in your eyes visible objects for my suit. If there never has been thus much plainspeaking between us before, sir, the fault has not been mine, indeed. If I seem to speak too plainly now, it is, believe me father, in the hope that there may be a franker spirit, a worthier reliance, and a kinder confidence between us in time to come."
" My good fellow," said his smiling father, " you quite affect me. Go on, my dear Edward, I beg. But remember your promise. There is great earnestness, vast candour, a manifest sincerity in all you say, but I fear I observe the faintest indications of a tendency to prose."
" I am very sorry, sir."
" I am very sorry too, Ned, but you know that I cannot fix my mind for any long period upon one subject. If you'll come to the point at once, Ill imagine all that ought to go before, and conclude it said. Oblige me with the milk again. Listening, invariably makes me feverish."
"What I would say then, tends to this," said Edward. "I cannot bear this absolute dependence, sir, even upon you. Time has been lost and opportunity thrown away, but I am yet a young man, and may retrieve it. Will you give me the means of devoting such abilities and energies as I possess, to some worthy pursuit? Will you let me try to make for myself an honourable path in life? For any term you please to name-say for five years if you will-I will pledge myself to move no further in the matter of our difference without your full concurrence. During that period, I will endeavour earnestly and patiently, if ever man did, to open some prospect for myself, and free you from the burden you fear I should become if I married one whose worth and beauty are her chief endowments. Will you do this, sir? At the expiration of the term we agree upon, let us discuss this subject again. Till then, unless it is revived by you, let it never be renewed between us."
" My dear Ned," returned his father, laying down the newspaper at which he had been glancing carclessly, and throwing himself back in the windowseat, "I believe you know how very much I dislike what are called family affairs, which are only fit for plebeian Christmas days, and have no manner of business with people of our condition. But as you are proceeding upon a mistake, Ned-altogether upon a mistake-I will conquer my repugnance to entering on such matters, and give you a perfectly plain and candid answer, if you will do me the favour to shut the door."

Edward having obeyed him, he took an elegant little knife from his pocket, and paring his nails, continued:
" You have to thank me, Ned, for being of good family; for your mother, charming person as she was, and almost broken-hearted, and so forth, as she left me, when she was prematurely compelled to become immortal-had nothing to boast of in that respect."
"Her father was at least an eminent lawyer, sir," said Edward.
"Quite right, Ned; perfectly so. He stood high at the bar, had a great name and great wealth, but having risen from nothing-I have always closed my eyes to the circumstance and steadily resisted its contemplation, but I fear his father dealt in pork, and that his business did once involve cow-heel and sausages-he wished to marry his daughter into a good family. He had his heart's desire, Ned. I was a younger son's younger son, and I married her. We each had our object, and gained it. She stepped at once into the politest and best circles, and I stepped into a fortune which I assure you was very necessary to my comfort-quite indispensable. Now, my good fellow, that fortune is among the things that have been. It is gone, Ned, and has been gone-how old are you? I always forget."
" Seven-and-twenty, sir."
"Are you indeed?" cried his father, raising his eyelids in a languishing surprise. "So much! Then I should say, Ned, that as nearly as I remember, its skirts vanished from human knowledge, about eighteen or nineteen years ago. It was about that time when I came to live in these chambers (once your grandfather's, and bequeathed by that extremely respectable person
to me), and commenced to live upon an inconsiderable annuity and my past reputation."
"You are jesting with me, sir," said Edward.
"Not in the slightest degree, I assure you," returned his father with great composure. "These family topics are so extremely dry, that I am sorry to say they don't admit of any such relief. It is for that reason, and because they have an appearance of business, that I dislike them so very much. Well! You know the rest. A son, Ned, unless he is old enough to be a companionthat is to say, unless he is some two or three and twenty-is not the kind of thing to have about one. He is a restraint upon his father, his father is a restraint upon him, and they make each other mutually uncomfortable. Therefore, until within the last four years or so-I have a poor memory for dates, and if I mistake, you will correct me in your own mind-you pursued your studies at a distance, and picked up a great variety of accomplishments. Occasionally we passed a week or two together here, and disconcerted each other as only such near relations can. At last you came home. I candidly tell you, my dear boy, that if you had been awkward and overgrown, I should have exported you to some distant part of the world."
"I wish with all my soul you had, sir," said Edward.
"No you don't, Ned," rejoined his father coolly; " you are mistaken, I assure you. I found you a handsome, prepossessing, elegant fellow, and I threw you into the society I can still command. Having done that, my dear fellow, I consider that I have provided for you in life, and rely on your doing something to provide for me in return."
"I do not understand your meaning, sir."
" My meaning, Ned, is obvious-I observe another fly in the cream-jug, but have the goodness not to take it out as you did the first, for their walk when their legs are milky, is extremely ungraceful and disagreeable-my meaning is, that you must do as I did; that you must marry well and make the most of yourself."
"A mere fortune-hunter!" cried the son, indignantly.
"What in the devil's name, Ned, would you be!" returned the father. "All men are fortune-hunters, are they not? The law, the church, the court, the camp - see how they are all crowded with fortune-hunters, jostling each other in the pursuit. The Stock-exchange, the pulpit, the countinghouse, the royal drawing-room, the senate,-what but fortune-hunters are they filled with? $\Lambda$ fortune-hunter! Yes. You are one; and you would be nothing else, my dear Ned, if you were the greatest courtier, lawyer, legislator, prelate, or merchant, in existence. If you are squeamish and moral, Ned, console yourself with the reflection that at the worst your fortune-hunting can make but one person miserable or unhappy. How many people do you suppose these other kinds of huntsmen crush in following their sport-hundreds at a step? Or thousands?"

The young man leant his head upon his hand, and made no answer.
"I am quite charmed," said the father rising, and walking slowly to and fro
-stopping now and then to glance at himself in a mirror, or survey a picture through his glass, with the air of a connoisseur, "that we have had this conversation, Ned, unpromising as it was. It establishes a confidence between us which is quite delightful; and was certainly necessary, though how you can ever have mistaken our position and designs, I confess I cannot understand. I conceived, until I found your fancy for this girl, that all these points were tacitly agreed upon between us."
"I knew you were embarrassed, sir," returned the son, raising his head for a moment, and then falling into his former attitude, "but I had no idea we were the beggared wretches you describe. How could I suppose it, bred as I have been; witnessing the life you have always led; and the appearance you have always made?"
" My dear child," said the father-" for you really talk so like a child that I must call you one-you were bred upon a careful principle; the very manner of your education, I assure you, maintained my credit surprisingly. As to the life I lead, I must lead it, Ned. I must have these little refinements about me. I have always been used to them, and I cannot exist without them. They must surround me, you observe, and therefore they are here. With regard to our circumstances, Ned, you may set your mind at rest upon that score. They are desperate. Your own appearance is by no means despicable, and our joint pocket-money alone devours our income. That's the truth."
" Why have I never known this before? Why have you encouraged me, sir, to an expenditure and mode of life to which we have no right or title?"
"My good fellow," returned his father more compassionately than ever, "if you made no appearance how could you possibly succeed in the pursuit for which I destined you? As to our mode of life, every man has a right to live in the best way he can ; and to make himself as comfortable as he can, or he is an unnatural scoundrel. Our debts, I grant, are very great, and therefore it the more behoves you, as a young man of principle and honour, to pay them off as speedily as possible."
"The villain's part," muttered Edward, "that I have unconsciously played! I to win the heart of Emma Haredale ! I would, for her sake, I had died first!"
"I am glad you see, Ned," returned his father, "how perfectly self-evident it is, that nothing can be done in that quarter. But apart from this, and the necessity of your speedily bestowing yourself in another (as you know you could to-morrow, if you chose), I wish you'd look upon it pleasantly. In a religious point of view alone, how could you ever think of uniting yourself to a catholic, unless she was amazingly rich? You who ought to be so very Protestant, coming of such a Protestant family as you do. Let us be moral, Ned, or we are nothing. Even if one could set that objection aside, which is impossible, we come to another which is quite conclusive. The very idea of marrying a girl whose father was killed, like meat! Good God, Ned, how disagreeable! Consider the impossibility of having any respect for your father-in-law under such unpleasant circumstances-think of his having been 'viewed' by jurors, and 'sat upon' by coroners, and of his very doubtful position in the family ever after-
wards. It seems to me such an indelicate sort of thing that I really think the girl ought to have been put to death by the state to prevent its happening. But I tease you perhaps. You would rather be alone? My dear Ned, most willingly. God bless you. I shall be going out presently, but we shall meet to-night, or if not to-night, certainly to-morrow. Take care of yourself in the mean time, for both our sakes. You are a person of great consequence to me, Ned-of vast consequence indeed. God bless you!"

With these words, the father, who had been arranging his cravat in the glass, while he uttered them in a disconnected careless manner, withdrew, humming a tune as he went. The son, who had appeared so lost in thought as not to hear or understand them, remained quite still and silent. After the lapse of half an hour or so, the elder Chester, gaily dressed, went out. The younger still sat with his head resting on his hands, in what appeared to be a kind of stupor.

## CHAPTER THE SIXTEENTH.

A series of pictures representing the streets of London in the night, even at the comparatively recent date of this tale, would present to the eye something so very different in character from the reality which is witnessed in these times, that it would be difficult for the beholder to recognise his most familiar walks in the altered aspect of little more than half a century ago.

They were, one and all, from the broadest and best to the narrowest and least frequented, very dark. The oil and cotton lamps, though regularly trimmed twice or thrice in the long winter nights, burnt feebly at the best; and at a late hour, when they were unassisted by the lamps and candles in the shops, cast but a narrow track of doubtful light upon the footway, leaving the projecting doors and house-fronts in the deepest gloom. Many of the courts and lanes were left in total darkness; those of the meaner sort, where one glimmering light twinkled for a score of houses, being favoured in no slight degree. Even in these places, the inhabitants had often good reason for extinguishing their lamp as soon as it was lighted; and the watch being utterly inefficient and powerless to prevent them, they did so at their pleasure. Thus, in the lightest thoroughfares, there was at every turn some obscure and dangerous spot whither a thief might fly for shelter, and few would care to follow; and the city being belted round by fields, green lanes, waste grounds, and lonely roads, dividing it at that time from the suburbs that have joined it since, escape, even where the pursuit was hot, was rendered easy.

It is no wonder that with these favouring circumstances in full and constant operation, street robberies, often accompanied by cruel wounds, and not unfrequently by loss of life, should have been of nightly occurrence in the very heart of London, or that quiet folks should have had great dread of traversing its streets after the shops were closed. It was not unusual for those who wended home alone at midnight, to keep the middle of the road, the better to guard against surprise from lurking footpads; few would venture to repair at a late hour to Kentish Town or Hampstead, or even to Kensington or Chelsea,
unarmed and unattended; while he who had been loudest and most valiant at the supper-table or the tavern, and had but a mile or so to go, was glad to fee a link-boy to escort him home.

There were many other characteristics-not quite so disagreeable-about the thoroughfares of London then, with which they had been long familiar. Some of the shops, especially those to the eastward of Temple Bar, still adhered to the old practice of hanging out a sign ; and the creaking and swinging of these boards in their iron frames on windy nights, formed a strange and mournful concert for the ears of those who lay awake in bed or hurried through the streets. Long stands of hackney-chairs and groups of chairmen, compared with whom the coachmen of our day are gentle and polite, obstructed the way and filled the air with clamour ; night-cellars, indicated by a little stream of light crossing the pavement, and stretching out half way into the road, and by the stifled roar of voices from below, yawned for the reception and entertainment of the most abandoned of both sexes; under every shed and bulk small groups of link-boys gamed away the earnings of the day; or one more weary than the rest, gave way to sleep, and let the fragment of his torch fall hissing on the puddled ground.

Then there was the watch with staff and lanthorn crying the hour, and the kind of weather; and those who woke up at his voice and turned them round

in bed, were glad to hear it rained, or snowed, or blew, or froze, for very comfort's sake. The solitary passenger was startled by the chairmen's cry of
"By your leave there!" as two came trotting past him with their empty vehicle-carried backwards to show its being disengaged-and hurried to the nearest stand. Many a private chair too, inclosing some fine lady, monstrously hooped and furbelowed, and preceded by running-footmen bearing flambeaux -for which extinguishers are yet suspended before the doors of a few houses of the better sort-made the way gay and light as it danced along, and darker and more dismal when it had passed. It was not unusual for these running gentry, who carried it with a very high hand, to quarrel in the servants' hall while waiting for their masters and mistresses; and, falling to blows either there or in the street without, to strew the place of skirmish with hair-powder, fragments of bag-wigs, and scattered nosegays. Gaming, the vice which ran so high among all classes (the fashion being of course set by the upper), was generally the cause of these disputes; for cards and dice were as openly used, and worked as much mischief, and yielded as much excitement below stairs, as above. While incidents like these, arising out of drums and masquerades and parties at quadrille, were passing at the west end of the town, heavy stage-coaches and scarce heavier waggons were lumbering slowly towards the city, the coachmen, guard, and passengers, armed to the teeth, and the coach -a day or so, perhaps, behind its time, but that was nothing-despoiled by highwaymen; who made no scruple to attack, alone and single-handed, a whole caravan of goods and men, and sometimes shot a passenger or two and were sometimes shot themselves, just as the case might be. On the morrow, rumours of this new act of daring on the road yielded matter for a few hours' conversation through the town, and a Public Progress of some fine gentleman (half drunk) to Tyburn, dressed in the newest fashion and damning the ordinary with unspeakable gallantry and grace, furnished to the populace, at once a pleasant excitement and a wholesome and profound example.

Among all the dangerous characters who, in such a state of society, prowled and skulked in the metropolis at night, there was one man, from whom many as uncouth and fierce as he, shrunk with an involuntary dread. Who he was, or whence he came, was a question often asked, but which none could answer. His name was unknown, he had never been seen until within eight days or thereabouts, and was equally a stranger to the old ruffians, upon whose haunts he ventured fearlessly, as to the young. He could be no spy, for he never removed his slouched hat to look about him, entered into conversation with no man, heeded nothing that passed, listened to no discourse, regarded nobody that came or went. But so surely as the dead of night set in, so surely this man was in the midst of the loose concourse in the night-cellar where outcasts of every grade resorted ; and there he sat till morning.

He was not only a spectre at their licentious feasts; a something in the midst of their revelry and riot that chilled and haunted them; but out of doors he was the same. Directly it was dark, he was abroad-never in company with any one, but always alone; never lingering or loitering, but always walking swiftly ; and looking (so they said who had seen him) over his shoulder from time to time, and as he did so quiekening his pace. In the fields, the lanes, the roads, in all quarters of the town-east, west, north, and south-
that man was seen gliding on, like a shadow. He was always hurrying away, Those who encountered him, saw him steal past, caught sight of the backward glance, and so lost him in the darkness.
This constant restlessness and flitting to and fro, gave rise to strange stories. He was seen in such distant and remote places, at times so nearly tallying with each other, that some doubted whether there were not two of them, or more-some, whether he had not unearthly means of travelling from spot to spot. The footpad hiding in a ditch had marked him passing like a ghost along its brink; the vagrant had met him on the dark high-road; the beggar had seen him pause upon the bridge to look down at the water, and then sweep on again; they who dealt in bodies with the surgeons could swear he slept in churchyards, and that they had beheld him glide away among the tombs, on their approach. And as they told these stories to each other, one who had looked about him would pull his neighbour by the sleeve, and there he would be among them.

At last, one man-he was of those whose commerce lay among the graves -resolved to question this strange companion. Next night, when he had eat his poor meal voraciously (he was accustomed to do that, they had observed, as though he had no other in the day), this fellow sat down at his elbow
" A black night, master !"
" It is a black night."
"Blacker than last, though that was pitchy too. Didn't I pass you near the turnpike in the Oxford-road?"
"It's like you may. I don't know."
" Come, come, master," cried the fellow, urged on by the looks of his comrades, and slapping him on the shoulder; " be more companionable and communicative. Be more the gentleman in this good company. There are tales among us that you have sold yourself to the devil, and I know not what."
"We all have, have we not?" returned the stranger, looking up. "If we were fewer in number, perhaps he would give better wages."
"It goes rather hard with you, indeed," said the fellow, as the stranger disclosed his haggard unwashed face, and torn clothes. "What of that? Be merry, master. A stave of a roaring song now-"
"Sing you, if you desire to hear one," replied the other, shaking him roughly off; " and don't touch me, if you're a prudent man; I carry arms which go off easily-they have done so, before now-and make it dangerous for strangers who don't know the trick of them, to lay hands upon me."
" Do you threaten?" said the fellow.
"Yes," returned the other, rising and turning upon him, and looking fiercely round as if in apprehension of a general attack.

His voice, and look, and bearing-all expressive of the wildest recklessness and desperation-daunted while they repelled the bystanders. Although in a very different sphere of action now, they were not without much of the effect they had wrought at the Maypole Inn.
"I am what you all are, and live as you all do," said the man sternly, after a short silence. "I am in hiding here like the rest, and if we were surprised
would perhaps do my part with the best of ye. If it's my humour to be left to myself, let me have it. Otherwise,"-and here he swore a tremendous oath"there'll be mischief done in this place, though there are odds of a score against me."

A low murmur, having its origin perhaps in a dread of the man and the mystery that surrounded him, or perhaps in a sincere opinion on the part of some of those present, that it would be an inconvenient precedent to meddle too curiously with a gentleman's private affairs if he saw reason to conceal them, warned the fellow who had occasioned this discussion that he had best pursue it no further. After a short time, the strange man lay down upon a bench to sleep, and when they thought of him again, they found that he was gone.

Next night, as soon as it was dark, he was abroad again and traversing the streets ; he was before the locksmith's house more than once, but the family were out, and it was close shut. This night he crossed London bridge and passed into Southwark. As he glided down a bye street, a woman with a little basket on her arm, turned into it at the other end. Directly he observed her, he sought the shelter of an archway, and stood aside until she had passed. Then he emerged cautiously from his hiding-place, and followed.

She went into several shops to purchase various kinds of household necessaries, and round every place at which she stopped he hovered like her evil spirit; following her when she reappeared. It was nigh eleven o'clock, and the passengers in the streets were thinning fast, when she turned, doubtless to go home. The phantom still followed her.

She turned into the same bye street in which he had seen her first, which, being free from shops, and narrow, was extremely dark. She quickened her pace here, as though distrustful of being stopped, and robbed of such trifling property as she carried with her. He crept along on the other side of the road. Had she been gifted with the speed of wind, it seemed as if his terrible shadow would have tracked her down.

At length the widow-for she it was-reached her own door, and, panting for breath, paused to take the key from her basket. In a flush and glow, with the haste she had made, and the pleasure of being safe at home, she stooped to draw it out, when, raising her head, she saw him standing silently beside her ; the apparition of a dream.
His hand was on her mouth, but that was needless, for her tongue clove to its roof, and her power of utterance was gone. "I have been looking for you many nights. Is the house empty? Answer me. Is any one inside?

She could only answer by a rattle in her throat.
" Make me a sign."
She seemed to indicate that there was no one there. He took the key, unlocked the door, carried her in, and secured it carefully behind them.

## THOS. HARRIS AND SON'S <br> NEW DOUBLE OPERA CLASS. <br> 

Patronised by the Royal Family and the Elite of Her Majesty's Theatre. To be har

PARASOLS, - Ladies are respectfally invited to inspect the extensive assortment of PARASOLS, comprising every novelty for the Season,adapted 140, Recent Street and 94, Fleet Street.

SARSAPARILLA.-Compound Decoction of Snrsaparilla, made precisely according to the London Pharmacopceia, and warranted to contain the due proportions of Sarsa parilla, Sassafras, Lignum-Vitre, Licorice, and Mezereon Roots, Sold in wine bottles, 25.6 d . each, by J. Grippiths, Chemist, 41,
Clerkenwell-green, and Grieyiths \& Bland, 57 , Penton-street, Pentonville.
HEWETSON'S ZINK DOOR AND WINDOW PLATES.

THIS polished Metal is rapidly superseding the use of Brass Plates, owing to the superior contrast which the white metal affords to the engraved black letter. Prices vary ing from $2 d$. to $4 d$. per supericial inch, according to styo. design for the engraving wim be sent, gratis, Zink, for window warding the necessary particuars. Periorated sieves, \&c. Sheet Zink for roofing. Zink Plates, for lithographers, nt $12 d$. per lb. Zink Cottage Slates, window frames, suitable for emigrants. Zink rain-water piping, guttering, chimney cowls, water tanks, cisterns, \&c. ZINK CREAM.PRODUCING PAN.

New milk placed in Hkwgtson's Zink Pan produces more cream than in other pans, arising from the galvanic quality of the metal. rust, like tin or iron, and is one-third the price of copper. 1. Hewetson, 57, Cannon-street, near London-bridge.

## ART BEFORE NATURE.

This seeming paradox has been solved by the Perukes and Head Dresses made by ROSS \& SONS, 119 and 120, BISHOPSGATE STREET, LONDON ; for although perfectly natural, they at the same time possess that elegance and gracefumess of contour which wise unatfainable. Beinf made of naturat eurly in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Pernkes.) being quite porons, and finished with theic Gentlemen's Perukes,) being quite porous, and finished with their newly-invented partings, the hater are perfectly unique. Ross \& Sons having completed their extensive alterations, can now offer to the Pubifo, on the ground floor, the most splendid apartments for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting and Arranging ; and request a visit, the first week in every month, to inspect the fashions. An immense assortment of Fronts, Toupees, Ringlets, Braids, \&co, of the most beautiful description. Ladies' own Hair made into Chains, Lave-kn or any on
DR. PERRENCTON'S TONIC APERIENT
IIQUEUR, for INDIGESTION. The name of this incomparable
medicine is a compendium of its properties. It is a toNic, conmedicine is a compendium of its properties. it is a Tosic, containing the concentrated essens, strengthening the stomach, NOUS AND exopetite, exhilarating the spirits, promoting nutrition and bracing the nerves. As an Apsrient, it acts with the most insurpassable gentleness and cordiality, without griping, nausen, or flatulence, and without leaving the bowels subsequently confined; whilst, to crown the whole, its taste is a combination of the slightest, but pinkst butrirness, withet aroma and delicatk plavour that ever met the approbation of the most refined palate.
The following letters and testimonials will satisfy the most scrupulous as to the efficacy of the Tonic Aperient Liqueur:-
From the "Medical Observations and Reflections," by
$H$, Holland, M.D., F.R.S., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen :"I wish to suggest the value of a direct combination of tonics with aperients, a form of prescription which might well be brought into more general use. In the greater number of instances, weakness in the proper action of the bowels is the cause of costiveness, and in seeking to remove the effect by means which act through irritation only, we do but add to the mischief, without weakening the with ers." "This practice is of more especial value in these languid and strumous habits, in which strength and good digestion are so carefully to be maintained."
From G. G. Sigsond, M.D., F.R.S., Professor of Materia Medica to the Royal Medico Botanical Society, and Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine at Sydenham College, London.
" $\mathrm{Sir}-1$ must confess that your medicine is an excenlent cordial aperient, but I think it is your duty, as a member of the Medica Profession, to make its composition public.

1 am, Sir, your obedient Servant,
(Signed)
G. G. Sigmond.
" 24 , Dover Strect. " To Dr. De S. Perrengton."
Central Depot, 44, Gerrard street. Sold at $2 \mathrm{~s} .9 \mathrm{~d} ., 4 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d} .$, and 11s., at Sanger's, Oxford Street; 6, Bruton Street, Bond Street, Johnston's, Cornhill; Wilkinson's, Strand, \& all Medicine Vendors'.

NOS. 1 ELECTROGRAPHY OS. 1 and 2 of WEST'S INSTRUCTIONS ON ELECTROGRAPHY, price $6 d$. each, illustrated with an Electrotype Frontispiece and Three Engravings.-May be had of Francis West, Optician, 83, Flect Street ; Newsvendoring three $1 d$, stamps beyond the published price. enclosing three or sere purchase Spectacles read "West's Treatise on the Human Ese," price $6 d$.

## MONEY LENT WITHOUT INTEREST!

 in sums from $\pm 5$ to $t 300$, and from Three Months to Ten Years Read The Gude to office-hours, forms of mpplication, sc. cos,you may save Strange, 21, Paternoster Row, and all Booksellers.
Just published, price $12 s$.,
A N ELEMENTARY COMPENDIUM OF Nusic. containing a brief and clear outline of Musical Notation-An Explanation afore and Diatonic Semitone-Major and Morctical examples of all the of the Major and Minor scate, esc,-Pras of the Chords exhibited - Modulation Explained, \&c, \&c. By A Lady

London : J. Alfred Novello, 69, Dean-street, Soho.

## th Edition, 18. ; post-free, $18.4 d$. ; Portrait, Plates, \& Battle Plans.

## COMMODORE NAPIER'S LIFE AND EXPLOITS.

W. Strange, 21, Paternoster Row, and all Booksellers.

$\mathrm{U}^{\mathrm{M}}$NEW SACBED SONGS. NDER the title of "THE SACRED LYRIST, an EASTER OFFERING," Jefferys and Nelson have published a set of Sixteen Sacred Songs, Duets, and Trios, by
the most popularcomposers, most beautifully illustrated in chromolithography by John BuANDARD, elegantly bound, and the price only 12s.-21, Soho-square, London.

## WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, \&kc

PERSONS of any age, however bad their Writing, may, in Eight Lessons, for One Guinea, acquire permanently an elegant and flowing style of Penmanship, adapted cither to professional pursuits or private correspondence. Arithmetic on a method requiring only one-third the time and mental lakour usually requisite. Book-keeping as practised in the government, banking, and leading to st. Martin's Lane.

MIRACLE OF CHEAPNESS. - THE YOUTH'S CHEMICAL CABINET, crntaining 12 Bottles and so Boxes of Tests, Spirit Lamp, Mortar, Precipitating Glass, Funnel, Crucibles, Test Tube, se.- Prices : Faucy Plaid, 5s. $6 d$. . Cedar, $7 \mathrm{~s}, 6.2$. Mahozany, 105 . od. : Book,
and Co., Newington, London, and all Chemists.

platows patknt arprer UnN makes
excellent Coffe as expedily as To byallironmougersand
 spat. Gas Mo DBKATOK \& ventchanges oflight, smoke
and waste, 6 s . and waste, 66 .
OSEPH GILLOTT'S very superior PATENT and other METALLIC PENS may be had of all Stationers, Booksellers, and other dealers in Pens throlghout the united Kingdom. - The best test of the celeand regularly increasing demand for them.-The number of Pens manufactured at the works of JOSEPH GILLOTT,
From Oct. 1837 to Oct. 1838, From $35,808,452$ $\qquad$ And from Oct
was $35,808,452 \quad 2,984,037$ 2. rrd doz. $\qquad$ or $3,721,2252$-12th doz. or
or
or
248,669 gro. 9 doz. 8 pens. or $\quad 3,710,102$ gro. 1 doz. 2 pens. Please observe-all the genuine Pens are marked in full, JosEPH Gillootr. Wholesale and for Exportation at the manufactories, Gictoria Works, Graham-strect, \& 59 , Newhall-street, Birmiogham.

BRITISH CONSUL'S OFFICE. PHILADELPHIA. Kxow all persons to whom these presents shall come, that $\mathrm{I}_{\text {, }}$ Gilbert Robertson, Esq., his Britannic Majesty's Consul, do hereby certify, that R. Warton, Esq. (who attests to the efticacy or OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, in restoring HATR, is Mayor of this city, and that M. Randall, Esq. is Prothonotary or che coirt of Common Pleas, to both whose sigrally acquainted with J. L. due. I further certiry that ampers, and that he is a person of great respectability, and that I heard bim express his unqualified approbation of the effects of OLDRIDGE'S BALM in restoring his approbal Given under my hand and seal of office, at the City of
HAIR. Philadelphia, Dec. 29, 1823. (Signed) GILBERT ROBERTSON. OLDRIDGE'S BALM causes Whiskers and Eyebrows to grow, prevents the Hair turning grey, and the first application makes it curl brautifally, frees it from scurf, and stops frices are Genuine. Price 3s. 6d., 6s., and 18s. per BALM, 1, Wellington-street,Strand.

## ADVERTISEMENTS

## WEBSTER \& SON, CHRONOMETER MAKERS TO THE LORDS OF THE ADMIRALTY, 3, BIRCHIN LANE, CORNHILL.

WEbSter \& SON, Chronometer, Watch, and Clock Manufacturkrs, beg leave to inform their friends, that they have removed from Cornhill to the above address. They avail themselves of the opportunity to return their grateful acknowledgments for the patronage their family have received for nearly a century and a half, and submit their claims to public favour on the determined principle of the greatest possible reduction in price, consistent with insuring an article of superior quality, not surpassed by any house in London, manufactured under their own immediate attention on the premises, as far as the nature of the business will admit, by workmen of the first ability; and secondly, on their uniform character maintained for the period above named for the finest description of Watch-work, and more recently by evidence of the superiority of their Chronometers, on trial at the Royal Observatory, to which the prizes were awarded by Government three years in succession ; the Chronometer, Webster, No. 665, not exceeding Eighty-nine hundredths of a second on its daily rate in the twelve months; No. 675, not exceeding Eighty-six hundredths of a second in the same space of time. The following year tho prize was awarded to their Chronometer, No. 679, the error of which was only Ninety-eight hundredths of a second.
The authenticity of such an incredible degree of accuracy might be doubted, had not the rates been taken by official persons at the Observatory. Chronometers upon the same principle, with long trials and accurate rates, are always on sale at very moderate charges.
WEBSTER \& SON have completed small FLAT COMPENSATED DUPLEX WATCHES, apon the principle of their Chrouometers, to which were awarded the prizes given by Government. The steady, uniform action of the duplex escapement, the compensation balance, for the purpose of counteracting the contraction and expansion of the metals consequent upon the variatious of temperature and position, and the going fusee to continue the balance in motion during winding, render the Duplex-Compensated Watch the most perfect, both in principle and performance. It combines the utmost elegance in appearance, with the correctness and regularity of the Pocket Chronometer, at balf its price, and may be reduced to the smallest dimensions. It is particularly adapted to our variable climate, or the East and West Indies, and is earnestly recommended where the most perfect pocket Time Keeper is desired. The adjustments are perfected that the variations for the range of temperature from $28^{\circ}$ to $100^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit be corrected.
The Detached Lever, a useful and well-performing watch, is manufactured with extreme care, of various sizes, in gold and silver cases, at prices to bring them within the meazs of every purchaser, with a going fusee (to go during winding), jewelled in all the requisite holes, sunk escapement, half, three quarter, and whole plates, engine-turned or engraved, completed with compensation balances upon the principle of their prize Chronometers.


THE SMALL \& FLAT HORIZONTAL WATCH, Jewelled in four holes, maintaining power to continue the performance during winding, at very moderate prices, and warranted accurate in their performance, in gold, silver, and silver-gilt eases, with gold, silver, and enamelled dials.

## CENTRE-SECONDS WATCHES

The attention of the Medical Profsssion and Sporting Men is solicited to these newly-introduced Watches, the seconds comprising the whole circle of the dial-plate, a considerable advantage to the Medical Practitioner. Completed with the compensated-duplex, lever, and horizontal escapements ; elegant and novel in appearance, and at ne increased charge above the watch where the seconds are eccentric.

## SECOND-HAND WATCHES,

A great variety, by some of the most eminent makers in London, consisting of fine Chronometers, splendid Repeaters, Duplox, Lever, and Horizontal Watches, in gold and silver-repassed, examined, and warranted, at little above half the original cost.

REGULATORS upon the most improved principles, showing the mean or sidereal time, with Mercurial or Compound Pendulums, at very moderate charges.

TURRET CLOCKS for Churches, Public Buildings, and Gentlemen's Stabling, erected in any part of the kingdom.
ornamental, Spring, \& Eight-Day Clocks of every description, striking the hours and quarters.
W. \& Son employ the most experienced workmen on the premises for correcting, cleaning, repairing, and adjusting Chronometers, Watches, and Clocks. Compensation Balances affixed to good Watches, with adjustments to counteract the varia-
 tions of temperature and position.
Webster \& Son have modelled an allegorical figure of Time, for the Hall or Library. It height, has an elegaut appearance, and is calculated to supersede the old-fashioned clock case,

A variety of Pedestals for Sun Dials, the plates completed in brass or slate, with the gnomon inclined to the latitude of the piace, by which mean time may be obtained to sufficient accuracy with the Equation Table, which they annually publish, and which will be forwarded gratuitously with their book to any part of the kingdom upon application, post paid, inclosing a return stamp.
The folly of purchasing an inferior Watch is obvious, when a trifling addition, expended with judgment, would ensure the purchaser a perfect article, freed from disappointment in performance, and continual expense attendant on reparation. Every article is warranted, and exchanged if not approved. Old Watches taken in exchange.

